THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA. WEDNESDAY MAY 27, 1874. | VOLUME VI NUMBER 305

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Constitution and Sun.

ATLANTA BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Candy and Cracker Manufacturer.
G. W. JACK, WHITEHALL STREET.

Wholesale Hardware.
McNAUGHT & SCRUTCHINS WHITEHALL ST.

Produce and Commission Merchant.
R. J. CRESPI, No. 38 DECATUR STREET.
Wholesale dealer in Eggs, Poultry and Butter.

Commission Merchants and Grocers.
McDANIEL & GILMER, 117 WHITEHALL ST.

Manufacturer of Burial Cases.
M. CARGILE, 209 IVY STREET.

Business University.
B. F. MOORE, PRESIDENT, cor. BROAD and ALA

Liquors, Champagne Cider, &c.
T. F. CRALY, 12 ALABAMA ST., Near Ga. Depot

Stoves and House-Furnishing Goods.
F. M. RICHARDSON, 88 WHITEHALL STREET.

Clothing.
W. B. LOWE & CO., WHITEHALL STREET.

Merchant Tailoring.
DYKEMAN, No. 4 Pryor street, imported goods only.

Family Groceries.
C. B. BRUMBY, 92 WHITEHALL STREET.

Meat Market and Mill,
H. C. SAW ELL, 108 WHITEHALL STREET.

Jeweler and Agent for Atlantic Spectacles
ER LAWSON, 40 WHITEHALL STREET

Fire, Life and Marine Insurance.
WALKER & BOYD, NO. 8 WALL, in Kimball House.

Photographs.
SMITH & MOSES, 32 WHITEHALL STREET.

Millinery and Fancy Goods.
W. G. KNOX, NO. 30 WHITEHALL STREET.

Dry Goods and Carpets.
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO., 66 and 68 Whitehall street.

Oils and Fine Groceries.
JNO. T. HAGAN & CO., 114 WHITEHALL STREET

Carriage Manufactory.
J. J. FORD, CORNER PRYOR and LINE STREETS.

Dye House.
JAMES LOCHREY Hunter Street.

Restaurant.
THOMPSON'S JAMES-ON BLOCK.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

ATLANTA, MAY 27, 1874.

OUR EDITORIAL VISITORS.

Viewing the City—Banquet, Etc.

Our editorial visitors spent the morning in viewing the points of interest in the city. Quite a number visited THE CONSTITUTION office, and viewed the entire city from the roof of the building.

Our citizens and members of the press here endeavored to entertain them.

THE BANQUET.

At three o'clock the members of the Press from New York and Alabama were escorted into the breakfast room of the Kimball house.

Four long tables were arranged for the gentlemen and one for the ladies.

Among those present, in addition to the members of press gang of Atlanta, we noted Hon B H Hill, Hon J H James Colonel G W Adair, Gov B m Bard, J Norcross, B J Wilson and others.

The viands were discussed with great energy for some time.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME.

Colonel E Y Clarke introduced Col. G. W. Adair, who welcomed our visitors in a brief and appropriate speech.

This was responded to by H. N. Beach, of the Rockport Republic, on the part of the New York press.

The first toast was—The Ladies always the first. God bless 'em.

Numerous toasts were given and responses made.

ON 'CHANGE.—The following resolution was unanimously adopted at the meeting of the Board of Trade this (Tuesday) morning:

Resolved, That the Board of Trade of Atlanta extend a cordial greeting and welcome to the members of the Northern Press now in our city, and tenders to them our hospitality.

Resolved, further, That the City Council is earnestly requested to appropriate such funds as may be necessary.

THE TENNESSEANS.—Some thirty delegates from Knoxville and Nashville reached here at noon and were welcomed by Dr Rauschenberg, in German. After this the delegates were ordered, the waiters being handsome girls. To-morrow bids fair to be a big day.

GENERAL STATE NEWS.

CAMILLA.

Calvin Mathias, a negro living on the plantation of Mr. W. C Odum, of Baker county, crushed the skull of another negro named Charlie Mathis with a hoe on Saturday night last. The murderer escaped. No cause has yet been assigned for the difficulty.—Bill Blacksheer, the negro charged with an assault with intent to murder Mr. J. H. Strange, of Baker county, has been convicted and will go to the penitentiary.—Two highly respected citizens of Newton had a little pugilistic exercise last Wednesday. Friends interfered, and the matter was arranged after one of the highly respected gentlemen had his nose broken and the other had swallowed a couple of front teeth.—A grand union Sabbath school festival occurred in Camilla on the 17th.—*Enterprise.*

SAVANNAH.

The corner stone of the Confederate Monument at Savannah will be laid on the 29 h inst.—Rev. William Quinlan, of Brunswick, represents the Diocese of Georgia in the pilgrimage to Rome.—The Amateur Thespian Association of Savannah gave an entertainment for the benefit of the Confederate Monumental fund Monday evening. The tragedy of "Medea" was rendered.—Green corn, at 80 cents per dozen, is delighting those of the citizens who can afford it.—Watermelons of Florida growth are in the market at $1 a piece.—Sunday noon some colored women discovered a young negro girl lying on the ground, in the rear of Haywood, Gage & Co.'s Ice House, in a stupefied condition. She was carried to the Barracks, where it was discovered she had been drugged with liquor and then outraged. The perpetrator of the crime has not yet been arrested.—*News.*

VALDOSTA

Conversational parties are all the rage.—The officers elect of the Lowndes Volunteers have received their commissions.—The flying ponies are in Valdosta, and the public are circling around in promiscuous confusion at five cents a head.—Some party or parties, bent on mischief, obstructed the railway track about one mile west of Valdosta last Sunday night with crossties. The engineer seeing them ahead blew on brakes but failed to stop the train in time to prevent running into them. The pilot cleared the track, however, and no damage was done. The Judge and several members of the Quitman and Thomasville bar were on board, and it is surmised that, perhaps, some miscreant thought this as a mode of postponing some case in court in which they were interested.—*Times.*

DEATHS.

Mr. Joseph A. Caruthers, a well known citizen of Savannah, died last Sunday morning.

THE LATEST NEWS.

INTERESTING CHURCH MATTERS

IMPEACHING THE BROOKS RETAINERS.

BONAPARTISM IN FRANCE.

A BIG FIRE IN IOWA.

[By telegraph to The Constitution.]

COLUMBUS, MISS., May 26.—At the session of the Presbyterian Church, South, to-day, Rev. J. L. Cooper, Fraternal Delegate from the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, was received and heard.

Rev. Dr Girardeau responded to the question of some change in the length and method of the course of the theological seminaries. The question was referred to a special committee, to report to the next Assembly.

Able debate sprang up on the question of granting certificates to baptized but non-communing members.

A large and enthusiastic meeting was held in behalf of Home Missions.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Stage proprietors will not yield. Many blacksmiths have been ousted by the stopping of the stages.

ST. LOUIS, May 26.—Speeches regarding consolidation are limited to ten minutes. The general tone is adverse. This alludes to the home, foreign and freedmen missions. Dr. Musgrove claims if you consolidate you will get five dollars for the whole, whereas you now get five dollars for each.

LONDON, May 26.—Prince Arthur has been made Duke of Connaught, and Lord Strathnorm, Earl of Sussex.

SALT LAKE, May 26.—Henry Rochefort departed eastward.

INDEPENDENCE, May 26.—A four hundred thousand dollar fire occurred here.

LOUISVILLE, May 26.—The Book Agent, Book Editor and a committee of nine upon subjects, were all re-elected. Dr William C. Johnson, was elected editor of the Southern Methodist; Dr. Kennedy, editor, Dr. Burke, assistant, Southern Christian Advocate; D. W. V. Parsons, of New Orleans, editor Christian Advocate.

ST. LOUIS, May 26.—The committee upon union with the Reformed Presbyterian Church report that they see no reason against consummation, but oppose pressure. They desire another year for negotiation. The report was adopted.

LITTLE ROCK, May 26.—The House passed articles of impeachment against nearly all the official adherents of Brooks in the late struggle.

PARIS, May 26.—The Bonapartists were elected to the department of Nievre by 5,000 majority.

EDWIN BOOTH.

HE CANNOT AID LOUISIANIANS BECAUSE IT IS AS MUCH AS HE CAN DO TO AID HIMSELF.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—In response to a letter for a matinee benefit to aid the flooded people of the Southwest, the following is received. It may not be regarded as a private letter because it is addressed to a number of gentlemen who are active in relieving this distress:

BALTIMORE, May 24, 1874.

Messrs. P. O Herbert, J Madison Wells and C. G. Forshey:

GENTLEMEN.—I am very sorry I can do nothing for so good a cause. I am, as you must be aware, a bankrupt. Every moment of my time and every dollar of my earnings are now of vital importance to me, for I have to fight my battle unaided.

Truly yours,
EDWIN BOOTH.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—SENATE.—The Senate is discussing the deficiency bill.

HOUSE.—The House discussed for an hour the report on the Sanborn case, and then took up the bill to amend the tariff law.

END OF A JOYLESS LIFE.

A Respectable German Woman's Suicide.

From the Memphis Avalanche.

About six months since, just at the winding up of the yellow fever, some of our German citizens were considerably excited about the marriage of Mrs. Clara Waechter, proprietor of the beer saloon near the corner of Second and Jefferson streets, to one Charles Koendig. The scandal consisted in the fact that Koendig had been a nurse in attendance upon Mrs. Waechter's husband, who had died during the fever. After Mr. Waechter died, Koendig remained about the house for four or five days, when one day he and Mrs. Waechter went out riding and returned home married. The lady's friends thinking something wrong, sued out a writ of lunacy, which was tried before one of the Deputy Clerks and Masters of the Second Chancery Court. It was adjudged that she was of unsound mind, and upon a petition for a divorce by a next friend the two were

LEGALLY SEPARATED.

Then her friends had Koendig, who was wearing Mr. Waechter's watch, arrested on the charge of larceny. A jury in the Criminal Court gave him ten years, but Judge Flippin, in view of the peculiar circumstances of the case, set the verdict aside and discharged Koendig, who at once left for St. Louis, where he now is.

Mrs. Waechter interposed no objection to the course of her friends, and seemingly manifested but very little interest in the affair. She appeared depressed in spirits however, and for awhile a close watch was kept on her actions for fear that she might do herself an injury. Tuesday last she was around the house as usual and appeared about the same. That night, in company with her daughter Clara, a girl of sixteen years, she retired about 9:30 o'clock. Clara says that yesterday morning when she got up, she for the first time missed her mother. Going down into the kitchen she found that the servant girl knew nothing of her, and then retraced her steps upstairs in quest of her. In one of the rooms of the third story, she saw a sight which caused her

BLOOD TO RUN COLD,

and the remembrance of which will be with her for many long years. Directly in the doorway, suspended by a cord, one end fastened around the neck and the other to the transom sash, hung her mother, dead. A chair overturned near by showed that the poor woman had stepped on the chair, which, after fastening the rope, she had kicked from beneath her, as her feet were but about six inches from the floor. Her sufferings must have been terrible, as the fall did not break her neck; the rope choked her to death.

A GHASTLY CUT

half around the neck hid the rope almost from view. The screams of the girl alarmed the household, and in a few moments help arrived and then the body, which was quite cold, was cut down. A physician was first sent for, and then acting Coroner Spelman being notified appeared and held the inquest. The jury returned a verdict of "death by her own hands." Mrs. Waechter leaves considerable property, which is in charge of a guardian appointed by the court.

MINNIE MORELAND.

OR

LOVE'S DESPERATION.

A Story of Fron'ier Life in the Far West, a Part of the Country Prolific of Frightful Adventure, Wild Romance and Terrific Drama. Based Upon Actual Experience.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "DREAMING," "PRISON LIFE," "THE FATAL CLUB," "AT SEA," "THE NIGHT MARCH," ETC.

Written expressly for the Constitution.

CHAPTER V.—CONTINUED.

Though considerably startled, no one was injured by the falling of the huge tree, whose top almost touched some of the men. It was the swell created by the plunge of the tree that caused a wave to roll over the camp.

The water quickly left the spot uncovered, and the first word spoken was by Minnie.

"Look," she cried, "the rain seems to be slackening somewhat, and the waters are certainly receding. See yonder, another little spot of land is peeping out, and the current is changing."

All eyes turned to where she was pointing, and sure enough they discovered the spot of ground indicated, and were rejoiced by the sight of its increasing area. There could be no doubt of the fact that the water was subsiding. This encouraged them greatly, for it evidenced that the floods were decreasing at the fountain head or sources of supply. But the rain also had nearly ceased.

They at once set to work to rebuild the log fire. After considerable difficulty, they had it again blazing. Indeed, the burning logs had not been entirely bereft of fire by the flying waves that had passed over them.

While drying themselves before the fire, they also prepared some warm nourishments for the inner man. They began to feel cheered by the prospect of departure, but how soon, they were puzzled to divine.

"It is doubtful," said Maltby, "how long this overflow will take to disappear. We can not leave till the river has withdrawn within its banks, for we should be compelled to stop on the way, and in that event, we should be worse off than we are here."

"I think," replied Major Moreland "that under all the circumstances we had better remain till morning where we are."

After a brief discussion this was ascertained to be the general opinion, and all idea was abandoned of attempting to move until the following day, when it was hoped that they could succeed in making their way back to the river.

This course being decided upon, the matter was dropped. Their minds heretofore absorbed with thoughts of their own perilous situation, now turned naturally to those whom they had left behind. They had occasionally mentioned them, but only brief conversation had been indulged, except upon their own surroundings and needs.

"I do hope mother is safe," said Minnie; "and all of them," she added, as she though of the common danger to all. If she is well, I know mother has done all she could for poor Mr. Stanton."

"No doubt of that, my child," said Major Moreland. "I sincerely trust the young man was not so severely wounded after all." He said this, noticing that Minnie was somewhat troubled in sustaining her composure.

"You may be sure of this," said one of the men. "Mike will never let him die, if anything he can do will prevent it. I hope they are not waiting for us, but have returned to the valley."

"So do I," said another; "at any rate I trust their lot is not so hard a one as ours;" and he spoke a little complainingly, for the man was getting wearied out and began to think of home and its rest.

"Let us be patient," said Minnie "our lot is not so hard as it might be. Indeed, I feel so thankful for our almost miraculous escape thus far. Think of the desolation which must be reigning in those sections where the river reaches. A large population, towns and villages How terrible must be the destruction of property and lives, too. The thought of it is so sad. But we are spared, and I believe will get back safely at last."

"I hope so; but we have trouble ahead yet. When we reach the river—which will be a task of itself—I am not sure how we will manage to get across."

"But some way will be provided," said Minnie.

"Yes," said Maltby, "if we can get through the marshes and lagoons formed by the overflow, and reach the river banks, I feel no fear of having to wait there long. Our danger may be considered chiefly past. I am more troubled now about the rest of the party. Still I think they are probably all safe back in the valley."

The water continued rapidly receding until it disappeared entirely from sight, save in sunken spots of ground here and there. The camp was made as comfortable by fire and otherwise as possible. All necessary precautions were taken against surprise, and the whole party sought slumber.

The morning came, and with it, the sun rose bright and clear, and the entire party, greatly refreshed, felt renewed energy for their journey.

A man had been sent forward to reconnoitre for about a mile. On his return he reported that the water-marks everywhere showed its rapid disappearance at least twelve or fifteen hours before.".

About 10 o'clock they "broke up camp," and began their march with great cheerfulness. They were going homeward, and the thought was inspiriting.

After encountering great difficulties, they at last found themselves upon the river bank. The swollen stream was roaring over the rapids like the voices of many thunders. It was near sunset, and they wisely concluded to camp until morning.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Pleasant Summer Resort.

CATOOSA SPRINGS

WILL BE OPENED

June 1st, 1874.

A CURE FOR ALL DISEASES! Satisfaction guaranteed. Board, $50 per month; children and servants half price.

may24-d&wtjul W. C. HEWITT.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Cotton dull; uplands 18 5-8; Orleans 19; sales 706 bales.

Cotton sales for future delivery opened steady as follows: June, 17 13 16; July 18 5 16a18 3 8; August 18 3-4a18 13-16; September 18 1-4a18 5-16.

Flour dull. Wheat slightly in buyers' favor. Corn quiet and unchanged. Pork quiet; mess $17 75. Lard steady; steam 11 5-16. Turpentine unchanged. Rosin firm at $2 70a2 75 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks dull. Money 3. Exchange—long $4 88 1-2; short $4 90 1-2. Government's strong. State bonds quiet and nominal. Gold 12 1-8.

Arrived—Heda, Regulator, Harold, Silesia, Idaho, which was ashore.

Arrived out—Universe, Geo H. Jenkins, Bernhardt, Agnes, Anna Marie, Columbia, Duke of Wellington, Alice Campbell, Java.

LONDON, May 26, noon.—Erie 32¼a33 1-2. Consols 93¼a93¾.

PARIS, May 26.—Rentes 59f 85c.

LIVERPOOL, May 26, noon—No Cotton market.

Breadstuffs quiet. Corn 37s. Lard 59s 9d

MARKET REPORTS OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Corn—Yellow $1 16; white $1 18.
Hams—sugar-cured 14a15; country 12 1-2.
Wheat—white $1 40a1 60; amber $1 40a1 55; red $1 25a1 50.
Wheat Bran $1 20a1 25.
Oats 75a80.
Rye—$1 25a1 30.
Barley seed—None in market.
Corn meal $1 18.
Grits $6 50 per barrel.
Flour—Super $6 00a7 00; extra $7 00a8 00; family 8 00a8 75; extra family 9 00a9 75; fancy 10 00a10 75.
Coal—car, 25a40.
Lime—40a50.
Cement—$3 25a3 50.
Bacon—Clear sides 12; clear rib 11 1-2; shoulders 8 3-4a9. Cumberland sides 10a10½
Bulk—Clear sides 10 3-4; clear rib sides 10 1-2; shoulders 8.
Lard—Kegs 13a13¼; cans 13a13½; tierces 13; buckets 14.
Sheeting, etc—4-4 brown sheeting 11; 7-8 brown shirting 9 1-2; 8-4 brown shirting 7 1 2
Cotton yarn $1 40.
Coffee—Rio 23a26; LaGuyra none; Java 35a37½c.
Sugar—A 11; white, extra C 10½; yellow C 9 3-4a10 1-4; Demerara 11a11 1-2.
Candles—17 per lb.
Hogs—6 cents gross.
Beef Cattle—3 1 2a5
Nails 4 75.
Soap, per box, $3 75a4 40.
Field peas $1 50.
Molasses—barrels 37; tierces 36; hogsheads 35.
Hay—Timothy $1 50; clover $1 25; millet $1 25a1 50; Tennessee $1a1 20.
Potatoes—$1 00a$3 00 per barrel.

[City Official.]

Police Headquarters

ATLANTA, GA., May 25, 1874.

Editors Constitution:

I desire to call the attention of all persons interested, to the following sections of the City Code, regarding the sale of Gun Power, Signboards for Retail Liquor Dealers and Wagon Yards. I will require of the Lieutenants of Police, ten days after the publication of this notice, the strict enforcement of said sections, and take this method of calling attention to them.

Very respectfully,
T. G. JONES, Chief of Police.

Section 446. All persons licensed to sell Powder shall be required to place a sign over their place of business, as follows: "License to sell Powder."

Section 491. Licensed retailers (hotels excepted) shall, within twenty days after obtaining their license, affix a signboard near to or over the door of the tenement in which the retailing is carried on, upon which shall be painted in plain characters the words, "Licensed Retailer of Spirituous Liquors," which sign shall be continued until the expiration of the license, and not one day longer, under a penalty.

Section 562. It shall be the duty of all owners or keepers of Wagon Yards in the city of Atlanta, to give public notice, by painted signs on the gate of said Wagon Yard, to the following purport: "Drunkenness, violence, and indecent or obscene language forbidden, under the penalty of not exceeding One Hundred Dollars fine, or not exceeding thirty days' imprisonment, or both." may26 d3t

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE firm of FECHTER, MERCER & CO., of the City Brewery was dissolved on the 6th of May, 1874, by the sale of the interest of Ed. Mercer to Jacob Kreis.

The debts of the old firm will be settled by Fechter, Mercer & Co., and the payment of all moneys due to this firm must be made to them.

FECHTER, MERCER & CO.

NEW FIRM.

The business of the City Brewery will be continued under the firm name of

FECHTER, KREIS & CO.,

the new firm respectfully solicits the continued patronage of the public and will guarantee to all entire satisfaction.

FECHTER, KREIS & CO.
may24-d3t-sun wed fri

Furnished Peachtree Residence FOR RENT.

A FAMILY BEING ABSENT FOR THE SUMMER desire to rent a comfortable house of 6-rooms (exclusive of kitchen and servants' quarters) completely furnished. Residence on Oak street, (commonly called Peachtree), finely shaded, directly on street railroad, in the best neighborhood in city. About ¾ acres in lot. Good stables and carriage house.

Also, FOR SALE, good, gentle family Horse with Buggy. Apply at

SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE OFFICE,
No. 12 Alabama St.
may19—n3t tues thurs sun.

GENERAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY

DR. ROBERTS & SON, PEARL AND ORNAMENTAL Plasterers. Orders promptly attended to. Office at Simmons & Hunt's store, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. apr18—d1y

JEWELERS.

WILLIAM BOLLMAN, Dealer in Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, &c. Spectacles and Eye Glasses. No. 6 Whitehall street, near Railroad Crossing, Atlanta Georgia.

☞ Repairing done in good style and warranted. may19—dly

THE DIXIE PUMP.

G. L. GIBERSON Manufacturer of the Dixie Pump, is the best and cheapest wooden Pump now made. It is a southern production, of southern materials. Several indorsements offered to the trade. Send for price list. Address G. L. GIBERSON,
May 3, 1874—d1y Charlotte, N. C.

GENERAL LAND DEALER.

A. M. COCHRAN, General Land Agent and dealer in Real Estate, Gainesville, Ga. Special attention given to the examination and analysis of mineral lands, and the purchase and sale of the same. Office Southeast corner Public square, Gainesville Georgia. May 3, 1874—d1y

DENTISTS.

DENTIST.—DISMUKE, D. D. S., Resident Dentist, No. 69½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. Over Chamberlin & Boynton's. may16-d6m

DR. S. G. HOLLAND, Dentist, formerly of Augusta Georgia, has permanently located at No. 42 Whitehall street, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. mh11-d1y

DR. S. S. SELLERS, Resident Dentist, Office over Chamberlin & Boynton's, Whitehall street Atlanta, Georgia. may7-d1y

D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, NO. 47 WHITEhall street, Atlanta, Ga. june7-d1y

LAWYERS.

W. H. NEAL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Thomson, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of the Augusta and Middle Circuits. apr10—d1y

S. M. WYNN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, AUGUSTA, Ga., will practice in the Courts of the Augusta Circuit. ☞ Special attention given to the collections of claims. apr4—d1y

L. C. HOYT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Thomson, Ga. apr4—d6m

O. C. TUMLIN. JOHN L. MOON.

TUMLIN & MOON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW Office: Up-stairs, Bank Block, Crawfordville Georgia. mar26—d1y

JOHN F. REDDING, Attorney at Law, Gainesville, Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care. may2-d1y

A. C. McALLA, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Conyers, Georgia, will practice in the Courts of Rockdale and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections. mar24—d1y

GEORGE F. PIERCE, JR., ATTORNEY AT LAW Sparta, Georgia. mar22—d6m

E. B. McDANIEL, Attorney at Law, Carnesville, Georgia. Prompt attention given to collection of claims. mar11-d1y

W. J. RAY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MADISON, Georgia, practices in the Courts of the Covington Circuit. Special attention given to Collections. mar6—d3m

JOHN T. JORDAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW SPARTA, GEORGIA, will practice in the counties of the Northern Circuit, and Washington county, of the Middle Circuit. Particular attention given to Collections mar5—dly

JOSEPH McDONNELL, Attorney at Law, Cashmere Gordon county, Ga. feb28-1y

JAMES H. GUER, N. J. H. JANES.

GUERRY & JANES, ATTORNEYS AT LAW Sparta, Georgia, will practice in the Courts of Hancock, Hibert, Glascock, Hart, Lincoln, Madison Oglethorpe, Taliaferro, Warren, Wilkes, Baldwin Greene, Washington and Columbia. apr18-d1y

MCDANIEL & WHITFIELD, Attorneys at Law Carrollton, Ga. Will practice in Superior Courts of Flint Circuit, in Supreme Court of Georgia, and in United states District Court at Atlanta, and elsewhere by special contract. janel-d1y

S. D. McCONNELL, Attorney at Law, office corner of Whitehall and Hunter streets Practices in all the Courts in Atlanta Circuit. junel-d1y

J. C. FAIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CALHOUN Ga., will practice in all the Courts of the Cherokee Circuit, supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Court, at Atlanta, Ga. janel-d1y

W. R. RANKIN, Attorney at Law, Calhoun Georgia. Office—Front room over Bean & Barrett's Store. may27-d1y

W. W. LUMPKIN, Attorney at Law, Cedartown Polk, Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care. Refers to F. W. Printup. may 13-1y

BANKS.

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA.—P. M. Coker, President; W. W. Bell, Cashier. Paper discounted. Deposits received. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Checks on all points in Europe in sums to suit.

☞ Agents for the Inman and Cunard Steamship Lines. ☞ First-class and steerage tickets at lowest rates. july4-d1y

JNO. H. JAMES Banker, James' Block. Interest allowed by agreement on long deposits. janel-d1y

CLAMMER & SIMMONS, EXCHANGE AND Collection Agents, Sparta, Georgia. Do a General Banking Business. Discounts Notes and Bills. Receive Deposits. Buys and Sells Exchange and Makes Collections. mar5—d6m

LLOYD & GOODE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW Montezuma, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of the Southwestern Circuit and the Supreme Court and Circuit and District Courts of the United States junel0—d1yr

SIMMONS & SIMMONS, Attorneys at Law Thomaston, Georgia. nov10—d13m

FRANK S. LOFTIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW Franklin, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Carroll, Coweta, Douglass, Fayette, Heard, Merriwether and Troup, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. may15—d1y

J. A. HUNT, Attorney at Law, Barnesville, Georgia will practice in the counties comprising the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts by special contract. apl27-1

SIMEON LESUEUR. WARREN C. WINSLOW

LESUEUR & WINSLOW, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Fort Valley, Georgia. Collections in Southwest Georgia a specialty. Real Estate Agents july21—d1y

JAS. A. HARLEY, Attorney and Counsellor at Law Sparta, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Hancock, Hibert, Glascock, Hart, Lincoln, Madison Oglethorpe, Taliaferro, Warren, Wilkes, Baldwin Greene, Washington and Columbia. apr18-d1y

MCDANIEL & WHITFIELD, Attorneys at Law Carrollton, Ga. Will practice in Superior Courts of Flint Circuit, in Supreme Court of Georgia, and in United states District Court at Atlanta, and elsewhere by special contract. janel-d1y

JAMES M. CUTHBERT. JOHN C. REID.

CUTHBERT & REID, ATTORNEYS AT LAW Eufaula, Barbour county, Alabama. Will practice in the Courts of Barbour and adjoining counties, in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and in the United States Courts at Montgomery. Special attention given to Collections. mar26—d1y

JOHN T. GLENN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Rome, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of the Cherokee Circuit, Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Atlanta

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

Knight City, Dobody and State Circulation.

DEVICE REPUTATION.

The Telegraphic Report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we can not undertake either to return or preserve.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENTS:

T. M. ACSON. J. W. ANDERSON.

ATLANTA:

Wednesday Morning, May 27, 1874.

BREVITIES.

Gold closed in New York at 12½a12⅝.

Cotton closed in New York at 18⅛; no report from Liverpool.

In Ontonagon, Michigan, the snow was reported to be nine feet deep last week.

Admire your landlady's new jockey hat and feather, if you want a porter-house steak for breakfast.

San Antonio, Texas, is to have connection with the outer world by rail in a few days. Real estate is advancing rapidly.

Autographs of G. Washington now sell in Philadelphia for a dollar apiece. Pretty soon it will be necessary to offer a chromo with these signatures to sell them at all.

A Kansas girl wouldn't be married without a yellow ribbon around her waist, and a boy rode eight miles to get it while the guests waited.

The premature ending of the Arkansas "wah" has thrown several thousand militia officers and six or seven high privates out of business.

An English writer estimates that there are 17,000 hymns in the English language. Of these 16,000 are or have been used in the Anglican Church, and the rest are used by the dissenting sects.

Judge Stockton, of New Orleans, rules that a dagger or knife, whether it be sharp or dull, and a pistol, whether loaded or unloaded, are dangerous and forbidden weapons.

It is rather singular that, although the Adventists of Connecticut assert that the world will be destroyed June 1, you can't buy a ton of hay of one of them under $16, and they stick for all cash down.

According to the last German Army List German army numbers now 1,324,940 men with 2,740 cannons. The field forces number 705,700, the field reserve forces 234,540, and the garrison troops 375,700 men.

Up to October, 1870, Senator Jones' Crown Point mine had cost $623,370 in assessments, and the price of the stock was $3 per share, of which there were 12,000, in the summer of 1871 the stock rose to $200 per share. The shares have been increased to 100,000, and are quoted at 92. The stockholders have realized $3,400,000 in dividend above outlay.

Dr. Livingstone says that Schele, a famous African chief, observed to him on the occasion of his preaching to the tribe, "Do you imagine that these people will ever believe by your talking to them? I can make them do nothing except by thrashing them; and, if you like, I will call my head man with our whips of rhinoceros hide, and will soon make them all believe together."

The Vienna journals announce that, according to ancient custom still observed at the Court of Vienna, the Emperor and Empress of Austria washed the feet of twelve old men and twelve old women on Good Friday, one old woman being one hundred and seven years old. The ceremony was performed with great solemnity in the presence of the court dignitaries, and each old person received thirty pieces of silver.

A serenading party of eight went to make their peculiar music at the residence of a newly wedded pair in Cripple Hollow, in Kenton county, the other night, and meeting no response from the occupants of the house, entered and instituted a search. They found the trembling bride dressed in nocturnal white and hid far back under the nuptial couch, and the groom in a single abbreviated garment was finally discovered and pulled out from under a pile of rubbish in the loft.

The following schedule of annuities paid the British royal family, is from the annual civil list of the kingdom: Princess Royal (Crown Princess of Prussia) £128,000; Prince of Wales, £400,000; Princess of Wales, £100,000; Prince Alfred, £105,000; Prince Arthur, £30,000; Princess Alice, (of Hesse) £72,000; Princess Helena, (of Schleswig, etc.,) £42,000; Princess Louise (of Lorne) £13,000; Princess Mary (of Teck) £13,000; Princess Augusta, (of Mecklenburg Strelitz) £99,000; Duchess of Cambridge, £90,000; Duke of Cambridge, £276,000.

An economical Louisvillian proposes to do without ice this summer. As a substitute he will gather his family about him every day at 12 M. and recite the following account of a Spitzbergen winter: "Stones crack with the noise of thunder; in a crowded hut the breath of the occupant will fall in flakes of snow; wine and spirits turn to ice; the snow burns like caustic; if iron touches the skin; it brings the flesh away with it; the soles of your stockings may be burned off your feet before you can feel the slightest warmth from the fire; linen taken out of boiling water instantly stiffens to the consistency of a wooden board, and heated stones will not prevent the sheets of the bed from freezing."

A baulky horse is understood to be an animal which, when harnessed, refuses to start. Various expedients, many of them cruel, are resorted to in order to overcome such obstinacy, and it may, therefore, be well enough to please note the California method. It is to put a rope under the horse's body, behind his fore legs, and to let two men, one at each end, draw the rope backwards and forwards, as if "sawing" at the legs. It must not be done too roughly, but still with force sufficient. The animal can escape something that he does not understand, will soon move a few steps, and, after a lengthened but quiet application of such "persuasive" process will not fail to move on. Repeated applications will work a thorough cure.

After all the arrests that have been made of persons supposed to belong to the Bender family, who committed so many murders in Kansas, all of that family are still at large The person arrested in Utah recently as the elder Bender, and who, it was reported, had had been satisfactorily identified, proves to be a demented old man of the name of Koch. The county attorney of Labette county, Kansas, publishes a description of the senior Bender, in which the criminal is described as a man having an intelligent countenance and resembling in no wise the vagrants so frequently taken for members of the Bender family. He adds that all of the Benders, notwithstanding their fiendish nature, appear agreeable and pleasant in their manners, and, as they are supplied with money, it is not likely that they will be found acting the part of fools or vagrants.

To the Executive Committee of the Democratic Party.

MACON, May 18, 1874.

Desiring, above all things, unity of action by the Democrats of Georgia in our approaching elections, and knowing the great importance of harmony in our ranks, I have determined, with a view to these desirable ends, to call together the Executive Committee of the party on the first Wednesday in July, in Atlanta, for consultation. Until then it is desired that no action looking to nomination of candidates will be taken by the party. Gentlemen of the Committee, the interest of the people demand your attention.

THOMAS HARDEMAN, JR.,
Ch'm Dem. Ex. Com.

New United States Digest.

The second volume of this work by Benjamin Vaughan Abbott has been placed in our hands by the enterprising and extensive publishing house of Little, Brown & Co., of Boston. This new digest, now in a regular series of publication, cannot fail to win the most favorable approval of the bar and the business houses of the land. It certainly merits such an approval.

This work lops off and supercedes all useless and obsolete laws, presenting only the laws as now pronounced and existing; fully and at every point meeting the absorbing question "*quod est lex?*" It contains in its purview not only the law, as declared in the courts of the United States, but the learned compiler, with an industry and ability unsurpassed, presents a careful collection of the decisions of all our principal State courts, laying, as on a map, before us, in a condensed and simplified form, an authoritative view of existing law; a most desirable result, entering, as it does, into all avenues of the every day's business shaping and controlling all the departments of commerce and trade. This work is not alone valuable to the *profession* but we make no hesitation in saying that this book would find a most useful place in the library of every large commercial and mercantile house.

We give it as our judgment, that the three subjects, assignments, bill of exhange and promissory notes, with doctrine of indorsement, treated of in volume now before us, is worth to the lawyer, the man of commerce and the merchant, the entire cost of the work when completed.

The lawyer is supplied with all the needful authority of living law, and the man of commerce, the merchant, with a *vade mecum*, for every day's use.

This work, as it progresses in its regular serial order and up to its final completion will doubtless command, as it deserves, an extensive sale and circulation.

The New York and Alabama Editors.

These gentlemen, after spending, as they declared, a very pleasant day in Atlanta, left for Chattanooga last night, and will spend the day there. While sitting at the banquet the following dispatch was received:

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., May 26, 1874.

The committee will meet the party at the depot on their arrival, distribute badges and conduct them to the Reid House, where they will breakfast at 7 o'clock Reception by the Mayor after breakfast at 8:30. Carriages will be ready in the city for Lookout Mountain. Lunch on the Mountain at 5 P. M Visit the National Cemetery 8 P. M. Dinner at the Reid House. They go east via the Kennesaw route.

D. D. SIMMS, Mayor.

We wish them a safe and pleasant journey back to their homes.

Decisions.

We give to our readers this morning some twelve or fifteen decisions rendered by the Supreme Court on Monday. They embrace questions of Debt, Dower, etc.

In the case of Abram Seaborn and others vs the State the Court decides that in cases of assault, where a number of persons are tried together, a new trial may be granted to one, and the verdict stands as to the others.

Will be Published.

In obedience to the resolution passed by the members of the press at the banquet yesterday, Mr. Hill has promised to write out his speech on the occasion. We shall give it to the public as soon as it is ready. We are glad of this. The speech is well worthy of a circulation broad cast over the land.

PAYING HIS RESPECTS.

PARIS, May 26.—Bourging, member elect from the department of Niervere, has gone to Chiselhurst to pay his respects to ex-Empress Eugenie.

ROME.

ROME, May 26.—The Italian government met another defeat to-day in the Chamber of Deputies.

The Pope has nearly recovered from his recent illness.

FIVE PERSONS KILLED.

HAVANA, May 26.—The stone building on the Wursuonas plantation was destroyed by a whirlwind yesterday. Five laborers were killed and twenty wounded by the falling walls.

CALEB CUSHING.

MADRID, May 26.—Diplomatic relations between Spain and Mexico were resumed on yesterday, by the presentation to Marshal Serrano of the credentials of Gen. Carona, as Minister from the latter country.

P. M. B. YOUNG.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—General P. M. B. Young, of Georgia, was to-day appointed by Speaker Blaine as one of the Board of Visitors to West Point, on the part of the House of Representatives. Thirteen years ago Gen. Young left the military academy to join his fortunes with those of his State.

PROHIBITION.

ALBANY, May 26.—A call has been issued for a convention to meet in Auburn, June 23d, of all persons who are opposed to the licensing of the liquor traffic, manufacture, sale, and use of alcoholic liquors as a beverage, and who are willing to unite upon one common platform for the entire prohibition of its sale through national, State, and municipal legislation.

A. & C. R. R. SOLD.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, one of the leading trunk lines in the Southern States, was sold to-day by Governor Lewis, of Alabama, by and under the authority vested in him by the late Legislature of Alabama. The purchasing parties were Atbalch & Company, consisting mostly of New England capitalists.

SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.— The fiftieth anniversary of the American Sunday Union was held in the academy of Music this evening in the presence of an immense audience, Hon. Geo. H. Stuart, President. Addresses were made by several distinguished divines. A similar meeting will be held in Broadway Tabernacle, New York, on Thursday evening, and will by addressed by several veteran missionaries.

WEATHER.

PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—For the South Atlantic and Gulf States clear or fair weather, with light to gentle winds, high temperature and a slight rise of the barometer on the Atlantic coast.

The lower Mississippi will fall slowly; the lower Missouri and Ohio rivers will remain stationary or fall slightly.

BALTIMORE, May 26.—Mercdace won the first race in 3:50 1-2; Culpepper won the second in 2:56 1-2; Artist won the third in 1:52 1-2a1:53 3 4, and Revolver the fourth in 3:43 1-4.

ATTACKED BY A BRIGAND GANG.

Vasquez, the California Outlaw, Hunted Down.

A History of His Robberies and Murders.—The Price Set upon his Head, Dead or Alive—Cleverness of Escape of the Captors—Pluck and Coolness of Vasquez.

For many years past a bold and lawless gang of brigands under the leadership of Tiburcio Vasquez, the most noted outlaw since the days of Joaquin Murieta, have infested Southern California, and have struck terror to the citizens by their daring highway robberies and brutal murders. On more than one occasion Vasquez and four or five of his men dashed into small villages, robbed the stores and dwellings, stripped the citizens of their watches, jewelry, and money, and then rode leisurely away, carrying their booty. Such was the reputation of the leader of the bandits for desperate bravery and bloody ferocity that the villagers chose rather to submit to his robberies than to run the risk of attacking him.

Periodically the authorities, aroused by some atrocity of more than usual magnitude, would fit out expeditions against Vasquez and his band, but his ingenuity and activity, up to within a short time, were always equal to any emergency, and the long rides of sheriffs and their posses were taken in vain. The bandit, besides having safe retreats in the mountain fastnesses, caves, and canons, had made numerous friends among the native Californians of Mexican descent (to which class he himself belonged), and with them was always enabled to obtain food and shelter when closely pursued.

BLOODY EXPLOITS.

Probably the bloodiest of the exploits of Vasquez was at Hollister, on the 26th of August, 1873. It is known as the Tres Pinos tragedy. According to the report of the San Francisco Chronicle, Vasquez on this occasion, assisted by six companions, robbed Snyder's store of five hundred dollars cash, tobacco, provisions and dry goods, and then escaped with their booty. While the robbery was going on within doors Vasquez stood on guard at the entrance. A Portuguese sheep herder, not knowing what was going on within, came to the door and was in the act of passing in when Vasquez shot him twice, causing almost instant death. George Redford, a teamster, was watering his horses in front of the store. Vasquez ordered him to lie down, but the unfortunate man being deaf did not hear the order. Seeing a revolver levelled at him he started on a run for the stable, but before he reached that refuge a ball from Vasquez's pistol pierced his head and killed him instantly. Haley, another teamster, was knocked down by the butt of the bandit's pistol, but escaped with his life, as did L. Scherrer, at whom Vasquez fired twice. Scherrer took refuge in Davidson's Hotel, followed by Vasquez, who shot the unfortunate landlord, who fell back dead in the arms of his wife.

In December last Vasquez and seven followers made a descent upon Kingston, Fresno county, and in spite of the desultory attack on the part of the citizens carried off $2,000 in money and a large amount of jewelry—the property of thirty-five men whom they bound and robbed. Vasquez on this occasion was armed with four navy revolvers

On the 16th of April Vasquez and his band once more, and for the last time, brought themselves into public prominence. On that day the great bandit and four followers dismounted at the residence of Alexander Reppetto, at the old Mission San Gabriel, six miles from Los Angeles, pretending to be sheep shearers, and asking for employment. After conversing a few minutes they covered Reppetto and his son, a mere boy, with their revolvers, and demanded

ALL THE MONEY IN THE HOUSE.

The boy brought $80 in coin. Then they tied the old man to a tree and gave him his choice, either to be shot or to give them $800. Accepting the latter alternative, the old man was untied and wrote a check on a Los Angeles bank, the boy being sent for the cash. His conduct at the bank excited suspicion, and although his fear prevented his telling of the presence of the robbers, a sheriff and posse rode to the house after him. The boy threw the money upon the table, and an alarm being then given of the approach of the bandits, one of their number seized the bag of gold, and all escaped.

Shortly after the Tres Plaos tragedy Gov. Booth offered a reward of $3,000 for Vasquez alive, or $2,000 dead, and on May 8 he increased the amount to $8,000 alive and $6,000 dead. This excited emulation among the thief takers, and no less than four expeditions were fitted out early this month for the pursuit and capture of Vasquez.

One of these expeditions was commanded by Under Sheriff H. M. Mitchell, of Los Angeles, and was composed of six well armed and well mounted men. It was dispatched by Sheriff Rowland on certain information that Vasquez was at the house of Greek George, a Mexican of bad character, in Aliso Canon, in the Cajunga Range, and left Los Angeles at 1:30 A. M., May 14. At 10 A. M., the party reached the canon, and four of them were detailed to attack Greek George's house. The other two reconnoitered a little hamlet near by where it was thought that Vasquez might possibly have hidden himself.

THE ATTACK.

The party of attack seized a wagon which passed through the canon while they lay in ambush there, and, concealing themselves in the wagon box, ordered the driver to convey them to the house of Greek George, under penalty of death should he give an alarm. The house was in the shape of an L, and surrounded by a dense growth of mustard, averaging six feet high. Near it was a thicket of willows, in which several horses were concealed. Arrived within one hundred yards of the house, the party dismounted, spread out right and left like skirmishers, and plunged into the mustard thicket. Those in front soon reached the front door, which they battered down. Vasquez was within, but, ever on the alert, he jumped out of a narrow window. As he touched the ground and started for the grove, he was brought down by a shot from the Chronicle's correspondent, and in a moment was surrounded by others of the party. Desperately wounded as he was, he did not for a moment lose his coolness, but smilingly saluted his captors, and in his broken English said: "You are good men. I ought not try to escape!" He was wounded in the head and leg, but not mortally, and was taken to Los Angeles. His horses, arms, ammunition, and other accoutrements were captured.

Vasquez was born in Monterey thirty-five years ago, is 5 feet 5½ inches high, has black hair, dark eyes, and regular features, excepting that his left eye is slightly sunken. He is noted for desperate bravery, and seems to have emulated the British highwaymen of the ancient school who smiled sweetly while their hands were exploring the pockets of their victims, or searching for valuables in the boot of the coach.

POSTAGE ON NEWSPAPERS.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—In the Senate today, the bill introduced by Senator Ramsey to provide for the prepayment of postage on printed matter, and for other purposes, is a copy of the bill recently reported from the House Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads. In its main features it provides that newspapers shall go free through the mails to subscribers in the same county; and also for the free transmission of newspapers and magazines, and exchanges; and it proposes to establish a rate of 1½ cents per pound to be prepaid by publishers and news agencies on all newspapers and periodicals mailed by them to regular subscribers or news agents.

PORT ROYAL, May 26.—Arrived—Farragut, San Jacinto, State of Minnesota, Ellen S. Farry, Charleston.

STATE SUPREME COURT.

HON. HIRAM WARNER, CHIEF JUSTICE; HON. E. E. MCCAY AND HON. A. H. STEPHENS, ASSOCIATE JUSTICES.

Decisions Rendered in Atlanta, Georgia, May 26, 1874.

Specially reported for THE CONSTITUTION by Capt. Henry Jackson, Supreme Court Reporter.

James Henderson vs. Samuel Levy, Ordinary, for use. Debt, from Richmond.

WARNER, C. J.

This was an action brought by the plaintiff against the principal and securities, on an administrator's bond to recover a debt alleged to be due the plaintiff by the intestate in his lifetime. The plaintiff alleged as a breach of the bond, the failure of the administrator to make annual returns of his acts and doings as required by law, and account to the Ordinary for the money received by him as administrator. His failure to pay the debts of deceased, as required by law, and among them the debt due the plaintiff for $11,623 91, besides interest; assets sufficient to pay said debt having come into his hands to be administered, and notice of the debt having been given him within twelve months from his qualification. His failure to call to account Frederick Lamback as survivor of the firm of Lamback & Cooper, of which his intestate was a partner, and settle up the affairs of said firm. The receipt by him as administrator, of the proceeds arising from the sale of real and personal property of his intestate, and failure to pay out the same according to law to the creditors of his intestate. Henderson, one of the defendants, filed a special demurrer to the plaintiff's action, and for cause of demurrer alleged that he was only security on the administrator's bond, that the plaintiff had not reduced his debt to judgment against the administrator, as he was bound to do, before he had any right of action upon said bond against his securities.

The Court overruled the demurrer and the defendant excepted. There can be no doubt that under the law, as decided by this Court prior to the adoption of the Code and the legislative enactment embodied therein, a suit could not be maintained on an administrator's bond against him and his securities until a judgment had first been obtained against the administrator establishing a *devastavit*. Ray, administrator, vs. the Justices of the Inferior Court of Macon county, 6th Ga. Rep., 308.

The question made by the record before us is how far, and to what extent, has the law as heretofore adjudicated by this Court, been altered and changed by the Code and the legislative enactments embodied therein in relation to suits on administrator's bonds? The latter part of section 2507 (new Code) declares "No prior judgment establishing the liability of the administrator for a *devastavit* by him shall be necessary before suit against the sureties on the bond." Whether this refers exclusively to such suits on the bond where the administrator is beyond the jurisdiction of the Court, or is dead and his estate unrepresented, or is in such a position that an attachment might be issued against him, may be admitted to be a doubtful question. All that can be claimed under this section, in any view of it, as to the alteration of the old law is, that no prior judgment establishing the liability of the administrator for a *devastavit* shall be necessary before suit against the sureties on the bond. The 3484 section of the Code alters and changes the old law, so as to allow a distributee, or legatee to sue the administrator and his sureties or his bond in the first instance; the 3385th section alters and changes the old law, so as to allow a ward to institute his suit against his guardian, who refuses to settle, on his bond in the first instance, without first suing the guardian. The 3386th section alters and changes the old law, so as to allow any party in interest, or any person having demands against an executor, administrator, or guardian, when such executor, administrator or guardian shall remove from this State, or place himself in such a situation as by the provisions of the Code an attachment would be against a debtor, or if such executor, administrator or guardian is dead, and his estate unrepresented, then suit may be instituted on the bond against the sureties, or any one of them in the first instance, without first obtaining judgment against such executor, administrator or guardian, in his representative character. The words "in the first instance," as used in these sections of the Code, are insignificant words as to the *intention* of the Legislature. The plaintiff does not sue as a legatee, distributee, or ward, but as a creditor who claims to have a debt due him by the intestate in his lifetime, and he does not allege in his declaration that the administrator is out of the State, or in such a situation as would authorize an attachment, or that he is dead and his estate unrepresented, therefore he is not within any of the provisions of the Code which takes his case out of the old law, even if there was no other provision of the Code applicable to it.

But there is another section of the Code application to his case. The 3323 section declares, that upon the rendition of a judgment in favor of a party against an executor or administrator, upon any liability of the deceased, and a return of *nulla bona* by the sheriff, or other officer authorized to make the same, the said party may at once proceed to sue upon the bond of the executor or administrator, and may recover judgment against the principal and his sureties in the same action, and if the principal has removed beyond the limits of this State, or departed this life, and has no legal representative, then he may sue the sureties on his bond. It follows, therefore, in view of the old law, and the several provisions of the Code before cited, that the plaintiff, as a creditor of the intestate, can not institute his suit for the collection of his debt, in the first instance, on the administrator's bond against him and his securities, but should have first instituted his suit for the collection of his debt against the administrator, obtained a judgment therefor, had an execution issued thereon, and if the return of *nulla bona* was made on it by the sheriff, then he could have instituted suit on his bond. The case of Morgan vs. West (43 Ga. Rept. 275) cited on the argument, was an action brought by minor wards on the administrator's bond, and not by a creditor of the intestate as in this case. In our judgment the Court erred in not sustaining the defendant's demurrer to the plaintiff's declaration.

Let the judgment of the Court below be reversed.

Marcellus P. Foster, for plaintiff in error.
Frank H. Miller, by R. H. Clark, for defendant.

McCAY, J., Concurring.

I concur in the judgment. But I do so on the ground that the plaintiff has not alleged that the administrator had assets sufficient to pay, and that they have all been wasted by him, so that a suit against him as administrator must prove wholly useless and nugatory. I am not prepared to say that in such a case the law will require a creditor to do so useless and expensive an act before he can sue the bond. A judgment against the administrator, establishing a *devastavit* is made unnecessary by the express words of the statute, and as in the case of a waste of all the assets by the administrator, a suit, against him, as such, is only necessary to establish the existence and waste of the assets, I think it unnecessary under our law.

W. T. & S. D. Walton vs. Phocion Ramsay. Case, from Columbia.

WARNER, C. J.

This was an action brought by the plaintiffs against the defendant to recover damages for an alleged deficiency in the number of acres in a tract or settlement of land, sold by the defendant to the plaintiffs. On the trial of the case, as it appears from the record, the plaintiffs offered in evidence a deed from the defendant to them by which he bargained, sold, and conveyed to the plaintiffs, in consideration of the sum of $12,000, all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in Columbia county, containing twelve hundred acres, more or less, adjoining lands of J. S. Walton, R. L. Lamkin, A. Lamkin, and others, and warranted the title and to the quantity. The plaintiffs claimed there was a deficiency of one hundred and fifty six acres in the tract or settlement of land sold. On this statement of facts, the defendant demurred as to the right of the plaintiffs to recover. The Court sustained the demurrer and the plaintiffs excepted. There is no pretense that there was any fraud practiced in the sale of the land, or that the purchasers did not have an equal opportunity with the seller to know the number of acres the tract or settlement of land contained within the described boundaries mentioned in the deed. In the case of Beall vs. Burkhalter, (30th Ga. Rep. 504) this Court held and decided that unless, where the enumeration of the quantity of the land sold is of the essence of the contract, and not matter of description merely, the covenant of warranty will not be broken by a deficiency in the quantity of land conveyed. In delivering its judgment in that case, the Court said, "When the words more or less are annexed to the quantity of land, it is against principle that the vendor should be responsible to assure any given number of acres, unless he practiced a fraud upon the purchaser." The Code declares that in the sale of lands, if the purchase is per acre, a deficiency in the number of acres may be apportioned in the price. If the sale is by the tract or entire body, a deficiency in the quantity sold cannot be apportioned. If the quantity is specified as "more or less," this qualification will cover any deficiency not so gross as to justify the suspicion of wilful deception or mistake amounting to fraud; in this event the deficiency is apportionable; the purchaser may demand a rescission of the sale or an apportionment of the price, according to relative value. New Code, 3642. It is contended by the plaintiffs in error that the Code introduced a new element of fraud, which was not recognized by the Court in Beall vs. Burkhalter, to-wit: legal fraud. We do not think so. The principle recognized in that case and by the Code is, that if there is actual fraud and deception on the part of the vendor of the land, or the deficiency in the quantity of the land, is so gross as to be evidence of it, then the deficiency may be apportioned, but not otherwise.

Let the judgment of the Court below be affirmed.

W. M. & M. P. Reese, C. H. Shockley, by brief, for plaintiffs in error.
Robert Toombs, for defendant.

Susan Cason vs. Jesse T. Mulling, et al. Rule, from Jefferson.

WARNER, C. J.

This was a rule against a former sheriff and his successor in office, to show cause why one or the other of them should not pay the money due on plaintiff's fi fa. The former sheriff, by his answer, stated he turned over the fi fa to his successor in time to have made the money before Court, and the present sheriff answered that he was served with an injunction before the expiration of the time to have made the money by Court. There being no traverse of the answers in either case, the Court discharged both rules and the plaintiff excepted. When the answer of a sheriff to a rule to show cause is made in writing under oath, and not denied, the rule shall be discharged, or made absolute, according as the Court may deem the answer sufficient or not. —New Code 3954. We find no error in the judgment of the Court on the facts, as stated in the record, which will authorize this Court to interfere and control it.

Let the judgment of the Court below be affirmed.

Cain & Polhill, by Z. D. Harrison, for plaintiff in error.
Carswell & Denny, by brief, for defendants.

Thomas T. Page, administrator, et al vs. Elizabeth Page. Dower, from Johnson.

WARNER, C. J.

This was an application to the Superior Court to appoint commissioners for the assignment of dower. Page, the intestate, died 28th January, 1868. In July, 1869, the Ordinary set apart a homestead to his widow and minor children out of the lands of her deceased husband. The homestead was levied on to satisfy an execution issued on a judgment founded on a debt contracted prior to the Constitution of 1868. Objections were filed to the application on the ground that the widow of the intestate could not have a homestead and a dower out of the land of the deceased intestate. The Court overruled the objections, and its judgment was excepted to. There was no error in overruling the objections to the widow's application for dower, on the statement of facts contained in the record. She obtained no homestead out of the lands of the intestate as against debts contracted prior to the Constitution of 1868, and her attempt to obtain one did not bar her of her right to dower.

Let the judgment of the Court below be affirmed.

John M. Stubbs, by Peeples & Howell, for plaintiffs in error.
No appearance for defendant.

A. L. Dortic vs. A. E. Dugas. Injunction, from Richmond.

McCAY, J.

Equity will not enjoin a defendant from the free disposal of his property, on the application of a creditor who sets up no lien upon, or title to the property, and who presents no other equity than his simple fear that when he reduces his claim to judgment he will not be able to find property on which to levy it.

Judgment affirmed.

Salem Dutcher for plaintiff in error.
James S. Hook, by Samuel F. Webb, for defendant.

James Creighton vs. William C. Hewitt. Case, from Richmond.

McCAY, J.

The verdict in this case is fully sustained by the evidence, and the credibility of the witnesses being especially for the consideration of the jury, a new trial ought not to have been granted.

Judgment reversed.

Thaddeus Oatsman, John S. Davidson, for plaintiff in error.
James S. Hook, by Samuel F. Webb, for defendant.

The State vs. Benj. F. Kitchens et al. Sci. fa. on recognizance, from Glascock.

McCAY, J.

When A was arrested on a charge of assault with intent to murder and give bond to appear at the Superior Court to answer, etc., and upon the finding of a true bill, the Judge issued a bench warrant under which A was arrested and continued in the custody of the sheriff until the trial, during the progress of which he escaped from the custody of the sheriff:

HELD, That the securities of the bond taken by the magistrate were discharged by the subsequent arrest under the bench warrant, and are not liable on their bond.

Judgment affirmed.

John W. Robinson, Solicitor General, by B. H. Hill & Son, for the State.
Twiggs & Wright, for defendants.

James P. Gray vs. H. H. Perry, Receiver. Rule vs. Receiver, from Burke.

1. A bill was filed by various creditors of A. claiming to have liens on his effects, and a receiver was appointed who took the assets in to possession and reduced them to money There was a trial and a verdict distributing the money among the liens, but before any formal decree was made and the money paid out, B. filed a petition setting up that he was a judgment creditor having a higher lien than any of the original claimants, and praying that his debt be paid:

Held, 1. That whilst it was not true that B. had a lien on the fund was still under the control of the Court, yet the decree of the jury was prima facie to be taken for true, and it was not error in the Court, B. offering no proof to contradict the charges in the bill, to decide the questions of priority according to the face of the record.

2. When a trustee invests trust funds in property in his own name, the cestui que trust may elect to follow the corpus, and as against a judgment creditor of the trustee, the title of the cestui que trust, has the preference, especially if the debt of the creditors, be in existence at the time of the purchases, of the property by the trustee, with the trust funds.

Judgment affirmed.

James S. Hook, by Samuel F. Webb, for plaintiff in error.
Carswell & Denny, by brief, for defendant.

Abram Seaborn, Ned Seaborn and Sarah Seaborn vs. The State. Assault with intent to murder, from Screven.

McCAY, J.

1. On a charge of assault with intent to murder, if the assault be not under such circumstances as if death had ensued, it would have been murder, it is illegal to convict the defendants of assault with intent to murder.

2. When three persons are tried together for assault with intent to murder, and are found guilty, a new trial may, in this State, be granted as to one or more of the defendants, and the verdict stand as to the others.

Judgment reversed.

W. Hobby; J. L. Singleton, by Hilliard & Harrison, for plaintiffs in error.
Jno. W. Robinson, Solicitor General, by B. H. Hill & Son, for the State.

G. G. Crawford, adm'r, vs. W. S Stetson & Bro. Complaint, from Morgan.

McCAY, J.

In a suit upon an unliquidated account, the plaintiff stated in his answers to interrogations taken out in his own favor to which was attached a copy of the account sued on as follows: "We did keep a regular set of books in the years 1837 and 1868, and the account is correct;"

HELD, that this was not a sufficient proof of the account, the answers plainly, is based upon the books, and they should have been produced, and proven, and supported, in the usual way.

Judgment reversed.

McHenry & McHenry, Billups & Brobston, for plaintiff in error.
Reese & Reese for defendants.

Euphenia H. Parish vs E. T. Murphy et al. Complaint, from Richmond.

TRIPPE, J.

Under sections 1563, 1964, Revised Code, a mechanic, in the action therein allowed for the recovery of his claim, and for the enforcement of his lien, may not only obtain a judgment allowing the lien, but also have a general judgment for his claim against the debtor, to which all of his property is subject.

Judgment affirmed.

McLaws & Ganahl, by R. H. Clark, for plaintiff in error.
James S. Hook, by Samuel F. Webb, for defendants.

Wm. P. Cassels, trustee, vs. Uary, Stringer & Co. Complaint, from McDuffie.

TRIPPE, J.

1. A letter written by the attorney of the plaintiff to the defendant, is not competent evidence for the defendant on the trial of the case, unless it is shown that it was written by authority of the client.

2. The granting of the new trial by the Court below, was not such an abuse of discretion as to demand a reversal of his judgment.

Judgment affirmed.

H. O. Roney, W. M. & M. P. Reese, by brief, for plaintiff in error.
W. T. Oneal, Toombs & DuBose, for defendants.

J. W. Cowart, sheriff, vs. Chaffee, Croft & Chaffee. Rule, from Emanuel.

TRIPPE, J.

1. Service of summons of garnishment on the defendant in execution, is not a ground of which the sheriff can avail himself in an answer to a rule against him to show cause why he should not pay the money due on the fi fa.

2. The evidence was sufficient to authorize the Court to hold that the title to the execution was in the movants.

Judgment affirmed.

Cain & Polhill, by Z. D. Harrison; Josephus Camp; M. B. Ward, for plaintiff in error.
H. D. D. Twiggs, for defendants.

Ira Chambers vs. Reuben Mayo et al. Rule, from Washington.

TRIPPE, J.

There was no abuse of the discretion of the Court, under the evidence contained in the record, in refusing to grant the rule absolute against the sheriff.

Judgment affirmed.

Gilmore & Jordan, by Peeples & Howell, for plaintiff in error.
No appearance for defendants.

Howard & Soule vs. D. H. Reid et al. Trespass, from Putnam.

TRIPPE, J.

1. The person to whom the license to peddle is required to be granted, is he who travels and vends the goods and wares, and it is against such person that the process is to be issued under section 535 new Code, when he peddles without license.

2. A process issued under said action against A and B on the ground, that as partners, they did on, etc., in the county, etc., "by *their agent*, peddle articles, etc., without having obtained license authorising them to do so, etc.," is, upon its face, illegal and void.

Judgment reversed.

L. E. Bleckley, for plaintiffs in error.
Reese & Reese, W. F. Jenkins, for defendants.

What a Dog Did in the Mill River Disaster.

Correspondence of the New York Times.

An incident of extraordinary canine affection has just come to light in connection with the awful calamity which has fallen on this place. Colonel Joel Hayden, one of the sons of the late Lieutenant-Governor Hayden, owns a noble dog of the St. Bernard species. He has for a long time been a village favorite and a pet of the school children who are taught near the Hayden residence. Mr. Ira Bryant, the father of Mrs. Colonel Hayden, an elderly gentlemen, something over sixty years of age, was a great favorite with the dog. He was delighted to be with him, uneasy when Mr. Bryant was away, and always when he could accompanied him on his walks about the village. Mr. Bryant was lost in the disaster, and so were many of the dog's friends. It is said no human being ever expressed a deeper sense of sadness than he. His movements, even in the bustle and confusion, were noticeable. He intruded himself upon the family, and was in every part of the house smiffing about. An old pair of boots of Mr. Bryant's received his repeated attention, as did articles of clothing. Sunday evening he started out and followed the searches for bodies on the meadow of lands. He was seen on Miller's flats pawing in the sand, which caused an inquiry, and when he was visited it was found that he had dug quite a trench, in which were discovered the lower portions of a man's limbs, the toes of the boots being upturned. The next half hour revealed the form of Mr. Bryant. As the workmen prosecuted their digging around the body the dog lay at their feet. As the face was exposed, he seemed for a second overjoyed, but when a cloth was wrapped around the frigid form and the removal was begun, the noble creature seemed bowed with grief, and followed the little party home. Diligent search had been made for these remains, but it seemed hardly possible that any human being could have found the imbedded corpse.

DELIRIUM TREMENS.

A PASSENGER ON THE STEAMER JAMES HOWARD JUMPS OVERBOARD.

[From the New Orleans Times, of May 20.]

Another victim has been added to the numberless list of those hurried to an untimely and unhonored grave through the instrumentality of the enemy that man puts into his mouth to steal away his brains.

From a passenger on the steamer James Howard, we learn the particulars of the following heartrending occurrence, which happened on that boat on her up trip.

The Howard landed at Memphis and took aboard a few passengers, among them a white man, from whose actions there was nothing to denote the terrible disease

THEN LYING DORMANT,

which only required a drop of the accursed liquor to bring it to life and convert the man into a savage beast. At about 5 o'clock the next morning the man appeared to suddenly lose control of himself. He had partaken of the fatal spark that ignited the slumbering fire, delirium tremens. Madly he rushed along the deck, pushing one of the hands overboard, and uttering a demoniacal scream he followed him in the turbid waters of the Mississippi.

Loud cries from the drowning men, most terrible to listen to, rang out on the still quiet air, calling upon all who had pity in their breasts to hasten to the rescue. A lifeboat was immediately launched, but so great was the excitement that the ladder to descend by struck the boat, twisting it to one side, and it instantly filled with water; but notwithstanding this fact the crew started down the latter, when the steamer gave a sudden lurch, and so great was the suction that the lifeboat was drawn under.

AT THIS MOMENT.

a small skiff was seen putting out from the shore, heading for the unfortunate men, and in a short time this frail bark, on which two lives depended, picked them up and brought the now half drowned men on board. The deckhand, with the remark that "that was the longest swim he ever had," resumed his duties, but the maniac braced himself in the stern of the skiff and refused to move. Such was his strength that ten men could not dislodge him from his position. However, they finally got a rope, passed it around his body and literally dragged him aboard the steamer. At 1 o'clock the same day he succeeded in unloosening himself and again jumped into the river,

SWIMMING TOWARDS THE HUGE SNAG

just discernable in the distance. When about twenty feet from the snag, his strength evidently failed him, for he sank and rose at intervals. In the mean time the Howard had backed up to within a short distance of the drowning man, and there remained without a helping hand being stretched forth to save a fellow creature from a watery grave.

It was terrible to witness the poor man's struggles, and to see with what a despairing look of concentrated agony he gazed upon a resting place on either side, conscious of approaching dissolution, in the very presence of safety. Six times he rose making ineffectual struggles to reach the snag, then sank to rise no more. Thus he died, unknown but not unwept, for with the terrible fascination which attracts us to the horrible, those on the Howard watched him to the last, and the deadly silence that fell on the crowd when all was over, conveyed a tribute to his memory more touching than ostentatious grief.

THE MYSTERY SOLVED.

Five Thousand Oil Chromos Will be given away by M. RICH, 39 Whitehall street.

Every purchaser of Dry Goods go.s cno.

may-24d1w

NEWS OF THE DAY

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Senator Patterson, of South Carolina, has received a re

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA:

Wednesday Morning, May 27, 1874.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS
WM. BRAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly Constitution for specimen of our "news." ——— mar21-1y

To Be Read by the Ladies, Only.

The latest styles of Ladies' Underwear are now open. Ladies are invited to examine. No trouble to show goods at 45 Marietta street.

McLeRe, remember that all the latest styles of Children's Suits can be found at the Ladies' Underwear Establishment, opposite the Post-Office. may5-dtf

PEASE'S PALACE
DINING ROOM,
Alabama Street, Atlanta, Georgia,
HAVE PLEASED THE PEOPLE
SINCE 1866.,

The first to give Atlanta what she has long needed, a Reliable Restaurant.

This House has had a popular run of eight years.

Our Lady Department, on the second floor, strictly reserved for their accommodation, gives universal satisfaction.

Special attention is given to select Suppers, Dinner to order, Wedding Parties, etc., etc.

Mr. West, formerly connected with Ryan's Soda Water, is now connected with me in the Fish, Oyster and Fruit Business.

Price List of Norfolk Oysters:

Select, per quart ..... 65 cents
Medium, per quart ..... 50 cents
Ordinary, per quart ..... 40 cents

Address
O. L. PEASE,
jan11—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

STORE a specialty at Cohen & Selig's closing out sale. Call on us. may4-1w

WATERMELONS AND TOMATOES.—Mr. Wm. Butler, on Whitehall street, received yesterday watermelons and tomatoes from Mobile. These are the first of the season.

Mr. Butler keeps fresh vegetables of all kinds. Also fresh fish.

THE cheapest place in the city for fine clothing is at corner White hall and Alabama streets.
may 24-1w COHEN & SELIG.

TOCCOA DAILY PASSENGER TRAIN.—On Monday, the first day of June, the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railway Company will put on an accommodation train between Atlanta and Toccoa, running daily, Sunday's excepted

The train leaves Toccoa at 4:57 A M, and reaches here at 10:30 A M. The train leaves Atlanta at 3 P M, and arrives at Toccoa at 8:30 P M.

We regret to learn of the death of the infant son of Mr. James E. Owens, proprietor of the National Hotel.

GO TO M. RICH'S new store, 29 Whitehall street, and get a fine Oil Chromo for nothing.
may 24-d1w

MAYSON & NORMAN will sell a lot of cigars and tobacco to-morrow morning.

COLUMBUS, and the region below Newnan, was visited with a fine shower of rain last Sunday. Cartersville was also blessed.

BOARD OF VISITORS OF UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.—Governor Smith has appointed the following as a Board of Visitors to attend the examination of the senior classes at the University of Georgia on the 9th day of July next: Rev H H Tucker, D D, Rev David Wills D D, of Atlanta; Colonel H H Jones, of Macon; Prof J W Glenn, of Jefferson; Major J M Richardson, of Carrollton; Prof A H Flewellen, of Cuthbert; George M Dews, of Columbus; Hon John Y Wood, of LaFayette; Rev W L Kirkpatrick, of Richmond county.

LADIES, READ.—We shall offer special inducements during this week in *Dress Goods*. Black Grenadines a specialty. STEINHEIMER BROS,
may24—d3t 48 Whitehall sereet.

THE firm of Shackleford & Perrine is dissolved.

ALMOST FATAL ACCIDENT.—Yesterday at noon while Mr. Charles Fechner, of the Reading Room, was handling a bottle of soda water, it exploded, cutting his fingers, and the bottom striking him on the right side of the head, cut an artery, causing him to fall to the floor like dead and bleed profusely. The wound was a severe one, but the flow of blood was soon staunched and we are pleased to note that he is improving.

The Summit House, on Lookout Mountain, with nearly all its furniture, was destroyed by fire on the 22d inst.

SIXTY-FIVE Saratoga Trunks still on hand, which must be sold out during this week, regardless of cost, at the
may24-d3t NEW YORK STORE.

COUNTY JUDGES.—Governor Smith has appointed Thomas W. Flemming Judge of Baker County Court, and W. W. Turner Judge of Troup County Court.

THE Evan's Chapel and Taylor's Hill Sunday Schools will picnic to Marietta on Friday.

THE EASTMAN ATLANTA BUSINESS COLLEGE is the only Actual Business College in the South. For Specimen of Penmanship and College Journal with full information, Address.
may16-dtf DETWILER & MAGEE.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—Superior Vice Chancellor of the Superior Lodge of the world, D. B. Woodruff, passed through here last night enroute to Macon from Chicago. While here he visited Mystic Lodge.

STEINHEIMER BROS. will open on Monday next a new line Domestic Goods, Belts, Ribbons, Kid Gloves, Linens, and a full line Spring Cass.
NEW YORK STORE,
may24—d3t 48 Whitehall street.

DIRECT TRADE.—W. McCay, Esq., of Macon, who has been appointed one of the Commissioners to go to Europe with Col. Nelson Tift, in the interest of Direct Trade, will address the Board of Trade this morning at half past ten o'clock.

THE MYSTERY SOLVED.
Five Thousand Oil Chromos
Will be given away by
M. RICH,
29 Whitehall street.
Every purchaser of Dry Goods get one.
may 24-d1w

THE attention of parties licensed to sell powder, owners of wagon yards, and licensed retailers is directed to the notice on the first page of Captain T. G. Jones, Chief of Police.

TRIBUTE.—The ladies of Loyd Street Church gratefully acknowledge the many favors extended to them during their late strawberry festival at Lochrane's Hall, and desire to express their thanks to Judge Lochrane and Mr. Goodnow for use of hall. To the Mechanics' Institute for use of rooms and furniture; to Colonel Wm. M. Nichols for a generous supply of delicious coffee; to THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION and Herald and the Georgia Commonwealth for favors; to McBride & Co., Mr. Ripley and Henry Seltzer for favors; to Mrs. Colonel Adair, Mrs. J. C. Peck, Mrs. J. Bowtell, Mrs. J. Sherman and Mrs. D. B. Ladd for donations of flowers; to the National Surgical Institute for many favors; to Mrs. Norcross for generous donation of strawberries; to the public generally, and the members of other churches especially, for liberal patronage.

Y. M. L. A.

The New Board of Directors.

The new Board of Directors of the Young Men's Library Association had their first meeting last night. The following was the result of the drawing for terms as provided by the amended Constitution: For 1 year, Messrs. Mallon, Gholstin, Lawhorn and Hillyer; for 2 years, Haas, Goss, Hill and Wing; for 3 years, Marshall J. Clarke, Bain, Burke and Grady.

The salary of the Librarian was raised from $1,200 to $1,300, and the election of the Librarian fixed for the next meeting, 2d Tuesday in June.

The Library Committee was authorized to draw on the treasury for $150 to purchase books.

OUR VISITING JOURNALISTS.

Grand Banquet at the Kimball House—Free Interchange of Kind Sentiments—Some Interesting Speeches—Able and Effective Speech of Hon. B. H. Hill—Drive About the City.

They Leave for Chattanooga at 9 45 P. M.

Yesterday morning was spent by our editorial visitors in visiting various points of interest in the city. We were pleased to greet in our sanctum a large number of them. They inspected the arrangements and workings of THE CONSTITUTION office from basement to the fourth story, and enjoyed from the roof of the office the panorama of beauty spread out before them.

At three o'clock, the hour for holding

THE BANQUET

arrived. The New York and Alabama press were escorted into the breakfast room, where they were seated around four tables, and the ladies with them at another table.

Quite a number of citizens were present.

After the visitors were introduced to the viands before them, Col. E. Y. Clarke introduced Col. G. W. Adair, who in behalf of Mayor Spencer who was unavoidably absent, welcomed them in a hearty and appropriate address.

This was well responded to by Mr B G Barry, of the Norwich Telegraph, on the part of the press of New York, and Mr. W. Brewer, of the Hayneville Examiner, on the part of the Alabama Press Association.

In the course of his remarks Mr. Brewer paid a glowing compliment to the New York press and congratulated the Alabama Press Association that they were instrumental in bringing together the press of the Empire State of the North with the press of the Gate City of the Empire State of the South. He also paid a handsome compliment to the energy and progress of Atlanta, whose foundations were laid in solid granite.

REGULAR TOASTS.

Regular toasts being in order, Colonel E. Y. Clarke gave the following toast: The Ladies—First in war, first in peace, first in the hearts of their countrymen—always first, God bless 'em.

The Southern men ever revered and esteemed with a chivalric regard the female sex. He wanted, however, to hear an expression of Northern sentiment on this subject.

The response to this toast was made by B H Randolph, of the Warsaw Democrat, who possessed some of the intellectual development, but a more attractive personelle than he who made Roanoke illustrious. It gave him great pleasure to respond to such a toast, though why he should be singled out when the gentleman from Tennessee, remarkable for his beauty, was present he could not tell.

The New York press had met the Southern ladies, and were delighted at the reception given them. At Nashville they enjoyed the elegant hospitality of Mrs. ex-Governor Brown, and her daughter, Miss Snyder; at Birmingham they were entertained by the Iron Duke; the chairman at Tuscaloosa was delighted, if not captivated; at Montgomery, and everywhere they met with the kindest treatment. He believed in the power of the ladies and thought they should have the ballot in order to restore the government to purity. The men of Georgia and Alabama used to select men for office on account of their pre-eminent abilities. He wished it was so now. But Congress, as soon as it opens, becomes a theater for wrangling. He hoped to see the same old class of men returned to our legislative halls. The most popular men were not the ablest, but those who pandered to the passions and prejudices of the hour. In New York there was a little rivulet which in its onward course gathered volume until it grew into a mighty river and flowed into the Gulf of Mexico. As well undertake to stop it by damming up the rivulet as to stop the growing tendency to union among the people of the sections, the sure index to a prosperous successful people. (Applause.)

NEW YORK STATE.

Colonel Clarke read the next toast.

The State of New York—The Empire State of the North, take her as you may.

This was responded to by Mr. A S Pease, of the Saratoga Sun, who is a genial and cultivated gentleman. He addressed the meeting as fellow-countrymen of Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, and thirty-four other States besides New York. The men of New York were all modest, and disliked to boast of their resources. New York was a great State, as illustrated in her industries and wealth, her Stewarts and Vanderbilts, and her educational institutions as numerous as her hills and vallies. She was unequalled for her intelligence, her patriotism, her forbearance and friendship for all the people of the entire country. (Applause.) New York finds a worthy reflection of herself in the Empire State of the South. The sentiments of New York are reflected in Georgia. Material prosperity does not give power, but the intelligence of the citizenship gives power. In the future the hills of Georgia and the prairies of the West will produce men whose whose latchets the men of the present will be unworthy to loose. New York greets you to day with a hearty greeting. When we return home we can say to the unemployed men of the North, "Go South, young man, go South." With unbounded resources and energy and enterprise unexampled, the South was an inviting field for the laborer and capitalist to invest muscle and means.

Atlanta, seven years ago, was a waste, and now she is as beautiful as any city in the North who does not boast over 80,000 people. The good things coming to you in the future will be good things coming to all, (Great applause.)

THE NORTHERN PRESS.

The next toast was—

The Northern Press—The strongest and ablest body of men in the world.

Mr. Norman Seymour of the Mount Morris Union, designated as the most modest man in the crowd, responded to this toast.

He began by adverting to the enthusiastic reception given them at Rome—a place that was the peer of Rome, New York, in manufactures and intelligence Horatio Seymour after his defeat for Governor was called to Rome to the opening of a hotel named after him. The Governor said that he didn't know why the hotel was named after him unless it was because he was better fitted for a stand than a race. On this occasion he felt better fitted for a run than a stand. He was proud of the press of the land. For vigor of thought and sound discrimination they were excelled by none. The press manufacture public sentiment and carry the people to a higher plane of power. He was proud to know that the press of Atlanta were the peers of any in the land When the historian closes up the annals of the 19th century, the press will stand pre-eminent among those who have enriched and endowed the world. The ladies who accompany the New York press are enthusiastic at their kind reception every where, and will carry back with them the verbenas, camelias and magnolias of the South, whose fragrance will mingle with the immortelles over our dead. The press can stay but a short while, and in a few hours must bid the people of Atlanta an affectionate farewell. (Applause.)

ALABAMA.

The next toast was—

Alabama—"Here we Rest"—And whoever rests in Alabama rests in a noble old State.

J. R. Powell, of Birmingham, the Iron Duke, responded. He alluded to the immense iron resources of Alabama needing development. He was proud of the reception given the association here, but he knew the character of the reception before, for there was not a man worth knowing in Atlanta that he didn't know. He owned $40,000 or $50,000 worth of property in Atlanta that was destroyed by Sherman. He didn't know how many of the New York press were engaged in its destruction but he wouldn't have them arrested. (Applause and laughter.)

Atlanta was called the New York of the South. She was because she was a suburb of Birmingham. (Tremendous applause and laughter.) Atlanta needs our coal and iron to make her the great manufacturing center of the South, and she must build the Georgia Western Railroad to connect her with Birmingham. (Applause)

THE EMPIRE STATE OF THE SOUTH.

The next toast was

Georgia—The Empire State of the South.

The New York press called for a man they had long heard of, and wanted to hear from, Hon. B. H. Hill. Mr. Hill stated that nothing was more pleasant than to know him in the flesh. AT

It is hard to know one another and to know our self. How much more difficult it is for people to know each other when the difficulty is increased by division.

If I knew you as you are I would love you, and if you knew my heart as it is, you would love me. (Great and prolonged applause)

My heart responds fully to the love of the Union. (Applause.) In the midst of the war there never was a time I could not utter, "Would to God; that we could have the Union as it was." (Applause.) We differed as brothers differ in the family circle, but we loved the Union. [illegible] PRIVATE

the Union. Public opinion and form public sentiment. The Press, North and South, did much to alienate the sections. It is a sin you must account for. My father, when I was a boy, instructed me. He told me of the struggles of our revolutionary sires, and pointed to me our troops crossing the Delaware and Cornwallis delivering up his sword. It enthused my youthful soul, and filled my heart with patriotic pride. I looked up to the Stars and Stripes and would having died for them, because I loved them. It is the aspiration of my heart yet to teach my children as my father taught me. Ought we not have a country to love? (Applause) Too much of the legislation of the past seven or eight years has been based on the ground that we are rebels and traitors. But yourself in my place. We are recalled when doing what we thought right and our duty. We should learn charity for others. We ought not to think any the less of others for thinking different from us. (Applause.) If you think I am a rebel it is your right; I think different as is my right; what good does it do you to tell me what you think? Perhaps had I been born North I might have been a free-soiler. Perhaps had Charles Sumner been born South he might have been a secessionist! I couldn't help being born in the South. If a Chinaman eats rats let him do it.

I love the South; her traditions, her dead and her living, and her future. (Great applause.) Opposed secession more earnestly than you did, perhaps, and had greater obstacles than you. Each man entitled to enjoy his own opinion, without forfeiting with the rights of his neighbors. Massachusetts knows better her wants than any other State, and the same is true of Georgia. We have four million of human beings in our midst entitled to civil rights. Looking to the interest of the future, I thank God that there is not a slave in America to day. (tremendous and continuous applause). Our interest is to enlighten and elevate them because we are to be affected by the power they exert. All we ask of you is please don't teter and embarrass us (continuous applause). We better understand what is necessary to lift them up and make them skilled laborers instead of ignorant ones (applause). The great ruling purpose of Federal legislation seems to be to keep down the rebels." Remember that while we are down we want to be considered loyal. We are willing to take the Constitution as you have amended it, and start from the standpoint you it signated in the race of progress and prosperity. When you see us violate that Constitution then interpose.

The people who came here from the North to get into power because they could not get into power there, misrepresented us to retain that power in their grasp. Go back and tell your friends that sixty-four of you traveled through the South without seeing, hearing or smelling a Ku-Klux! (applause.) If I should visit the North and should inflame a people living in your midst against you to the point of considering you their foes, wouldn't you Ku-Klux me. (Cries of yes.) If you didn't I wouldn't have any respect for you.

Until quite recently the men representing the South in Congress possessed no sympathy with us. I can forget the stripes of Manassas, the surrender of Appomattox, although it came so heavy to me for I did with my side to succeed, but I can't forget the carpet bagger!

Would you restore the Union? Then go back to the old Constitution as amended by you and stand to it—be corner stone being the general government for general affairs, and local government for local affairs. (Great applause.) The Constitution and the Union are one and the same. Go back and tell your people that when they vote in 1876 to remember 1776. A voice goes up to them from the land of Oglethorpe and the grave of Pulaski, remember 1776. (Applause.) During the war at one time during a cessation of hostilities Federal troops occupied one bank of the Rappahannock river, and Confederate troops the other. Each had their bands. One day the Federal band struck up "Dixie," and the Confederates rent the air with shouts; the Confederate band struck up "Yankee Doodle," and the Federals made the welkin ring. Both bands then simultaneously struck up "Home, Sweet Home," and both armies sent up such shouts as was never heard before.

We perhaps have sung the song of Radical and Yankee long enough; you have sung secesh, rebel and traitor until you ought to be tired of it; let us both quit these songs and in the new temple of the Union, with unfied voice sing "Home, Sweet Home." (The applause lasted for several minutes.)

A member of the New York Press Association moved that Mr. Hill be requested to write out his speech for publication, promising that every paper in New York State would publish it.

The motion prevailed amid great enthusiasm.

THE STATE FAIR.

At the conclusion of the speech of Mr. Hill, Colonel E. Y. Clarke stated that it was getting late, and the idea of the drive could not be carried out to its full extent. It was desired to show the site of the Custom House, and buildings of our public schools, graded like Northern institutions, and not excelled by them. It was also desired to show to their guests the preparations for holding the largest State Fair this fall ever held in Georgia. He urged them on their return home to notify their people that we intended holding this fall one of the largest fairs ever held in the South.

After all, this interchange of sentiment and views, was perhaps better than the ride.

AN IMPROMPTU AFFAIR.

The visit of the New York editors having been postponed so often it became uncertain when they would arrive. Hence, when they reached here at midnight, Monday night, the arrangements were all impromtu, as well as the speeches on the occasion.

THE DRIVE ABOUT THE CITY.

Many of our citizens were in front of the Kimball House at 4 o'clock with their carriages. The members of the New York and Alabama press, with their wives, were driven out throughout the street during the evening. If any were overlooked it arose from the fact that the banquet was prolonged two hours beyond the time and some supposed the drive abandoned.

AT THE HIGH SCHOOL.

Several of our visitors went to the Girls' High School. Mr. A. H. Hall, of the Watertown Times, delivered a brief and beautiful address to the High School. The visitors were highly pleased with its workings.

OFF FOR CHATTANOOGA.

At 9:45 P. M a large train, with several sleeping coaches attached, left by the Kennesaw route, with our visiting friends for Chattanooga, where they will be feasted and feted to day.

Thanks.

At a meeting of the Sunday School of the First Baptist Church, Atlanta, on Sunday, 24th inst., it was unanimously resolved that we are greatly indebted to our friends at Griffin for the cordial welcome they gave us on Saturday last. Their presence and kindness made the occasion a happy one to all, and nothing occurred to mar the general pleasure.

The speech of Mr. Johnson was well calculated to arouse a deeper interest in the Sunday school work, and his expressions of sympathy and good feeling for Atlanta and her people were as eloquent as they were gratifying, and we return our thanks as a school to the various Sunday schools who participated in our annual festival, and hope that we will some day be able to show our appreciation of their kindness by extending to them a similar welcoming to our city.

Sig'd L. G. CRAWFORD,
T. J. HIGHTOWER,
J. J. MCDANIEL.

JOB PRINTING.

Job Printing of every description, all kinds of Counting House and Business Office Work, Hand Bills, Posters and Books executed in the Finest Style, with Promptness and at the Lowes Prices.

Our friends and the General Public who are in want of Job Printing should bear The Constitution Job Office in mind.

Our Job Rooms are on the Second Floor of the Constitution Building.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to. March 5-tf

THE TURNFEST

MANTA

Reception of Delegates Yesterday—Banner Splendid Waiters. Theatrical Performance —Programme of Procession To-day.

The Hall of the Turners was tastefully decorated yesterday. An arch of pine ornamented the grand entrance. In the pines was the flags of the Atlanta Turn Verein, Knoxville Turn Verein, and Nashville Turn Verein. A very beautiful bunting flag, bearing in its center the white cross of Savoy. The flag of the Knoxville Saengerbund is a fine one. "Gut Heil" and "Willkommen" were inscribed on many a door, and the flags floated from Ed Mercer's, Bollman's Boerman & Kuhrt's, Menko & Bro.'s, Cohen & Selig's, Pearce', and the Franklin Printing House.

ARRIVAL OF DELEGATES.

The delegates from Knoxville and Nashville reached here at noon, some thirty odd in number. They are quartered at the Cannon House. Among them is Hon. Peter Staub, the Mayor of Knoxville. He tried to induce the New York editors to visit Knoxville but they reluctantly declined. The delegates were escorted to the Hall, where a magnificent banquet was served up. He said one the editors were beautiful young ladies, who, unlike the ordinary waiter, were active and intelligent. The theatrical performance at night of "Das Bemorte Haupt," was greeted with a large and appreciative audience.

PROGRAMME FOR TO DAY.

The Turners will meet at their Hall at 7 o'clock A M and form into procession at 8 A. M. The line of march will be from the Parade Ground to Pryor street, thence to Decatur and Peachtree, up Peachtree to Governor Smith's mansion, returning down Peachtree to Walton, down Walton to junction with Marietta, up Marietta to Broad, thence through Alabama and Whitehall to Peters, down Peters to Pryor, and thence to the Union Passenger Depot.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

Deputy Marshal
Kissel's Band.
Mayor and members of Council.
Turners and guests not in uniform.
Scholars of the Turn Verein.
Nashville Turn Verein.
Knoxville Turn Verein.
Memphis Turn Verein.
Atlanta Turn Verein.
Wagons containing boys and girls.
Citizens in carriages.
Wagons and vehicles, illustrative of business pursuits.

At ten o'clock a train of eight cars will leave for the Fair Grounds.

The day will be devoted to general amusement, dancing, etc.

To-morrow is the big day.

THE POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

Guard at the Fair Grounds—Uniform, etc.

A meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners was held last evening in the Recorder's Court Room, and the following business transacted:

The resignation of Policeman John W Smith was received and accepted, and Robert Sheridan, Esq. was elected to fill the vacancy.

Mr. Phillips, from the Third Ward, was elected a supernumerary.

In response to an application from the Turn Vereins its Board assigned Lieutenant Tim Murphy to duty at the Fair Grounds during the Fest. The following policemen were assigned to the same duty and placed under his command: Officers W A Parker, William Flynn, Jacob Morris, John Monaghan, and Fritz Manken.

The subject of the summer uniform of the police was discussed and settled. A grey suit and sack coat was adopted. The subject of the houses of ill-fame was also taken under consideration by the Commissioners. The conclusions reached, and resolution adopted, are embodied in the notice of the Chief of Police found in our advertising columns.

THAT MIDNIGHT SOIREE.

Dr. Salter's Explanation of it.

Editors Constitution: Appreciating your efforts to give a correct version of the midnight scene at the Eclectic Dispensary, I will state that the whole thing originated in the meaningless rantings of a disordered brain—the result of previous troubles and more recently the effects of severe fever. My arrest was uncalled for, as I was only endeavoring to save the woman from indirect self destruction—first, in the imminent danger of exploding a large kerosene lamp, and secondly, in the danger of falling from a second-story window. For this I was arrested and detained twelve hours, without even a charge against me, and refused bail, although tendered to any amount. I consider this no more nor less than a personal outrage, which in all probability will have a legal investigation. Thanking you for your important report, I am, very respectfully, S. F. SALTER, M. D.

Festival of the 5th Baptist Church.

A very delightful Strawberry Festival for the benefit of this church, was given at Lochrane's Hall last night. The ladies had the festival in charge, and as they always do, made it a gratifying success. The Hall was prettily decorated with cedars and evergreens, and at an early hour was well filled with friends and visitors. The hours passed pleasantly and rapidly in conversation, promenading, and partaking of the good things the ladies had so bountifully prepared. All—young and old, enjoyed the evening, and regretted when the hour came for them to break up. The festival will be continued to-night and all of our readers are invited to attend. Those who can do so, will pass a very enjoyable evening, and have an opportunity of contributing to a good cause. We hope the attendance will be large, and that the ladies may reap a bountiful harvest.

THE CONSTITUTION office was agreeably surprised, shortly before twelve o'clock, by a most enjoyable present of ice cream, strawberries and cake. To the fair donors we return thanks, for being thus remembered, and hope that the festival to-night will be even more generously patronised than it was last night.

Governor's Guards' Picnic.

The picnic of the Governor's Guards yesterday was attended by a large crowd. Over three hundred tickets were disposed of.

Private Stockton won the gold medal for the best shot among the privates, and Mr. Gibson won the tin cup for the poorest shot.

Lieutenant Jack Boyd won the gold medal for the best shot among the officers, and Captain Weems the tin sword for the poorest shot. The last honor had to be divided and so the scabbord was given to Lieutenant Lowry. The judges were Captain Fitten, of the Cadets; Mr. Hawkins, Captain West, of the Blues; Sargent Jones, of the Clinch Rifles, Augusta. The shooting was 100 yards, off hand. Mr. Smyth came within one-quarter of an inch of the bull's eye. The prizes were awarded by Captain John Milledge in a facetious style.

Quite a number of the Cadets were along. The party enjoyed themselves until midnight last night in the mazes of the dance until summoned aboard the train for Atlanta. The day was pleasantly and agreeably spent, and the boys express a desire to go there again.

Anniversary Festival of the Georgia Baptist Orphans' Home.

On the 6th day of June there will be an anniversary given to the orphans at their home on Peachtree street road, two miles north of the city. There will be a reunion of the Methodist Home in Decatur and of the Baptist Home in this city.

The following ladies are appointed to solicit contributions for the festival: Mrs McCool and Mrs Rhodes, Mrs D P Hill and Miss R A Hill, Mrs James and Miss Parrow and Mrs Johnson, Mrs Gunby and Miss Clarke, Mrs Wood and Mrs Black, Mrs Scago and Mrs Brumbead, Miss Ellen Chisolm and Miss Dela M Grier, Mrs Sharp and Miss Morgan, Mrs McLendon and Miss Love, Mrs Hines, Mrs Ralston, Mrs Lowe, Miss Hulman and Miss Scago, Mrs Peoples and Mrs Wing, Mrs W F Clark and Miss Hattie Fuller, Miss Howard and Mrs Goldsmith, Mrs Purdy and Miss Jones and Miss Love.

L. L. JONES, Secretary.

THE negro child found in the woods near Kirkwood, we learn, had evidently been thrown into a branch by its mother with a view of drowning it. The child was bruised about the head. The negroes in the neighborhood whipped the deaf and dumb mother until she told where it was.

THE BATTLE OF THE STRAWBERRY.

"Great Streams from Little Fountains Flow," etc.

The causes which provoke battles among men are as infinite as the sands upon the sea shore, and oftentimes as ridiculous as they are trivial. Nations have fought for conquests, for glory, for woman's caprice, and even to get to heaven, as instanced by the crusades. Among individuals mere pelting, opprobious words, and greenbacks, have not unfrequently given rise to pugilistic encounters of some magnitude. Endless as these causes are, it remained for the ingenuity of a couple of Atlanta gentlemen to fight about something, which we are satisfied no other people had ever fought about before, and thus at once immortalize themselves.

The cause of this war was a strawberry, which is among the smallest of fruit. A gentleman who deals in this luscious article met another gentleman on Monday, who took this particular berry from one of his baskets, saying he would carry it home to eat. The dealer said he must pay for it, and accordingly forwarded after him a bill for five cents. The gentleman either considered this an exhorbitant charge for one strawberry or a reproach upon his honesty. Anyhow he returned the bill with an endorsement in writing upon the back which sounded very much like the English pronunciation of the German or welcome. The indignant dealer afterwards met his debtor, and from angry words, they fell one upon the other with many threats and amidst much dust. Fortunately they were separated before much damage had been done. The matter was investigated by Justice Ezzard yesterday afternoon and the gentleman bound over for assault and battery. Affecting speeches were made by Colonel D. P. Hill for the State, and Col. A. M. Thrasher for the defense. As both parties are highly esteemed gentlemen, we hope the affair, so insignificant in its origin, will be settled, and not permitted to go farther.

COURT MATTERS.

Supreme Court.

ORDER OF CIRCUITS AND CASES IN THE SUPREME COURT.

2	Cherokee	19	19. Brunswick 9
15.	Eastern	13	

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

SUPREME COURT, Thursday, May 26, 1874.

After delivering decisions in cases heretofore argued the usual order of business was resumed.

Seaborn Reese, Esq., was admitted to the bar upon taking the usual oath.

SOUTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.

No. 7. Henry Jackson vs. Judge James M. Clarke. Petition for mandamus, from Lee. Argued. C. T. Goode, by brief, for plaintiff in error. No appearance contra.

OCMULGEE CIRCUIT.

No. 10. Argument concluded.

Nos. 1, 2 and 5. James Henderson vs. W. H. Thompson.

D P Holloway vs Geo. B. Halleck.

Seaborn Lawrence vs. the same. Complaint from Jasper. Argued. W A Lofton, Key & Preston, for plaintiffs in error. C S Bartlett, Reese & Reese, contra.

At the conclusion of the argument of Mr. Lofton, the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock A M to-morrow.

Fulton Superior Court.

Court met pursuant to adjournment at 8½ o'clock. Hon. John L. Hopkins, Judge, presiding.

State vs Thomas F Lackie, shooting at another. This defendant plead guilty to an assault. He was sentenced to pay a fine of $300 and costs.

A number of true bills were returned by the Grand Jury for gaming, larceny from the house, larceny from the person, and fornication.

M G Dobbins & Co, vs Holmes Sells, judgment by default for plaintiff for $300 principal besides interest and costs.

State vs Julius Anderson. Burglary in the night. The defendant waived formal arraignment, and plead guilty, whereupon he was sentenced to hard labor in the penitentiary for the full term of ten years.

J H Porter vs Rush Irwin. Mortgage, etc. Application for rule nisi. Rule granted. B F Abbott for petitioner.

F N Chisolm vs A W Jones. Rule to establish lost papers. Rule nisi granted. Jesse M Goss and T K Oglesby for petitioner.

The State vs James Dixon. Indictment for burglary in the night was taken up and tried. The Solicitor General for the State. Judge W F Wright and S B Spencer contra. Pending the argument of this case Court adjourned until this morning.

WE WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of our readers to the advertisement of Horace Waters & Son, headed, "Waters' Concerto Parlor Organs," and for a description of them we can't do better than to copy the following:

NEW FEATURE IN ORGANS—WATERS' CONCERTO PARLOR ORGANS.—The great merit of the concerto stop is, that it approximates nearer than any other to the human voice. If we exert the attention from the instrument while this delicate addition is being operated, the impression is instantaneous that it is to the human voice under exquisite culture that we listen. Of course the origin of this improvement, and the exact manner in which its advantages have been made so prominent in this organ, are known to the patentee alone; but we doubt if the inventor can make it plain *why* the direct result has occurred. The effect of the concerto attachment is simply softening and vocalizing. It seems to catch a note that might have been shrill or reedy, and at once soothe into something as sweet and musical as a human whisper. The writer was informed by Mr. Waters that on account of the popularity of the new stop, the instruments were bought up almost as rapidly as it was possible to manufacture them. *Brooklyn Union.* may27—d&w4w

SATURATE a piece of Bread or Meat with gastric juice, and it will dissolve. This is digestion. Add to such a mixture a little alcohol, and it will dissolve. This is indigestion. Beware, then, of tinctures, or tonics, or decoctions containing spirituous liquors. Shun all rum "tonics," and rely solely on Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters, for the finest digestive invigorant known, and free from the fiery curse of Alcohol.
may27—d&w4w

IF your Grocer don't have Dooley's Yeast Powder ask him to get a supply for yourself and friends. Dooley & Brother, Proprietors, 69 New Street, New York.
may26—d1w&w1t

POND'S EXTRACT.

Many suppose a medicine is confined to a certain number of diseases. This is determined by the source from which they spring.
may24—d1w&w1t

S. B. SPENCER'S Law office, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets. Prompt attention given to all law matters.
mar29—dtf

CHILDRENS' All-Wool Suits from $5 up, at O K Clothing Store, 33 Whitehall street.
apr17—dtf

ICE CREAM AT THOMPSON'S.

On and after this date, Families, Wedding, and Picnic parties supplied at short notice.
April 12, 1874—d3tawtf

BOOKS BOUND at the Constitution office.
mar2—tf

TO THE LAWYERS.—Send your law books to the Constitution bindery. mar2—tf

Financial and Commercial

Atlanta Cotton Statement:

ATLANTA, GA., May 26, 1874.

Cotton closed dull and nominal at 14½ cents.

Receipts at all ports to-day	3,022 bales.
Total net receipts	71,260 "
Stock at all ports	297,140 "
Actual count at New Orleans.	

TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Cotton dull at 18 5-8a19; sales 858 bales.

Cotton—Net receipts 141 bales; gross 1,588.

Cotton sales for future delivery closed steady, with sales of 23,900 bales, as follows: June 17 5-8; July 18 5-32a18 5-16; August 18 19-32a18 5-8; September 18 5-16; October 17 3-4a17 25-32.

Flour quiet and without material change; common to fair extra $6 35a7 10; good to choice do. $7 15a11 00. Wheat—less doing, opened without decided change and closed a shade easier. Corn heavy and 1c lower; new and old western mixed 82a85 1-2. Coffee dull; Rio 16¼a19¾. Sugar quiet and steady at 7 5-8a7 7-8; fair to good refining 7 3-8; molasses 7a7 7-8; Porto Rico 7 5-16a7 15-16; Muscovado 8 5-8; Havana 7¼. Molasses unchanged. Rice quiet and steady. Rosin firm $3 75. Turpentine firm at 39. Pork firmer; new mess $17 90. Beef quiet. Lard firmer at 11 3-8. Whisky 97½. Freights to Liverpool firmer—cotton 5-32.

Money easy at 3a3. Exchange—sterling firm at $4 84½. Gold dull at 12¼a12 3-8. Governments strong with little doing. States quiet and nominal.

LATER.—81s 21 7-8; 62s 15 5-8; 61s 17 1-4, 65s 18 1-4; new 20 —8; 67s 20 3 4; 63s 20 3-4; new 5s 15 3-8; 10-40s 15.

NEW ORLEANS, May 26.—Corn dull; treble extra $6 27a7; choice $7 50a8. Corn dull and lower; mixed 86; yellow 85; white 88. Oats dull and lower at 59a60. Bran dull and lower at $1 35a1 40. Hay dull with no sales. Pork dull at $18 75. Dry salted meats scarce; shoulders 7. Bacon dull; shoulders 8¼; clear rib sides 10¾; cleor 11¼. Hams 13¾a13¾. Lard lower; tierce 12a 12¾; keg 12 5-8a12¾. Sugar and molasses—no sales. Whisky dull; Louisiana 97a98; Cincinnati $1 01. Coffee firm; ordinary 17 1-2a23. Corn meal scarce $5 15a5 25.

Gold $1 13 1-8. Exchange—New York sight 3-8 premium; sterling 9 4 40 1-2.

AUGUSTA, May 26.—Cotton—Buyers and sellers, offerings light; middlings 17; net receipts 155 bales; sales 180.

CHARLESTON, May 26.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 17 3-8a17 1-2; low middlings 17 1-8a17¼; good ordinary 16 5-8; net receipts 75 bales; sales 200.

MOBILE, May 26.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; middlings 17 1-8; net receipts 187 bales; exports coastwise 79; sales 200.

NORFOLK, May 26.—Cotton lower; middlings 17; net receipts 254 bales; exports coastwise 747; sales 60.

WILMINGTON, May 26.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 17 1-4; net receipts 46 bales; stock 1,246.

MEMPHIS, May 26.—Cotton quiet and demand moderate; low middlings 16 3-8; receipts 836; shipments 464.

GALVESTON, May 26.—Cotton dull; good ordinary 16; net receipts 314 bales; exports coastwise 3; stock 14,330.

LOUISVILLE, May 26.—Flour unchanged. Corn 82a86. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Pork $18 25. Bacon—shoulders 7 3-8; clear 10 1-4. Lard 12 1-4a12 3-4. Whisky 93.

BALTIMORE, May 26.—Flour dull and heavy. Wheat weak and lower; good to prime red $1 65a1 70. Corn—white steady at 90a92; yellow nominally 84½. Oats steady. Rye firm at $1 10. Provisions generally unchanged. Whisky—small lots $1 00.

CINCINNATI, May 26.—Flour dull and a shade lower; family $6 10a6 40. Corn dull at 68a70 for mixed. Pork nominally at $17 75a18. Lard quiet and firm; steam nominally at 11; kettle 11½. Bacon easier; shoulders 7 1-4; clear rib 10. Whisky firm at 93.

NEW ORLEANS, May 26.—Cotton in demand; middlings 17 3-4; good ordinary 15¾; ordinary 13 1-4; net receipts 1,193 bales; gross 1,706; exports coastwise 540; sales 1,300; last evening 900; stock—actual count —90,336.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—Cotton dull; middlings 18 3-4; net receipts 36 bales; gross 499.

BOSTON, May 26.—Cotton dull; middlings 19; net receipts 125 bales; gross 1,181; sales 300.

SAVANNAH, May 26.—Cotton nominal and unchanged; net receipts 91 bales; gross 91; sales 79.

BALTIMORE, May 26.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 18

SOUTHERN BRANCH

National Surgical Institute.

Wall Street, Opp. Passenger Depot, South Side,

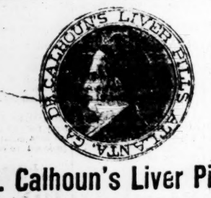
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THIS IS AN INCORPORATED INSTITUTION with ample capital, and a thoroughly organized Surgical and Medical Staff, for the treatment of Congenital and acquired Deformities of the human body, and diseases or conditions requiring surgical operations, or mechanical appliances for their relief or cure; also, for the treatment of diseases peculiar to Females, for paralysis, and other afflictions, as shown in illustrated Circulars. The Southern Branch is now in successful operation in Atlanta.

The building occupied is of brick, new, large, well ventilated, well furnished, and supplied with machinery power, gymnastic arrangements, Electrical Instruments, Vapor, electric galvanic and other Baths, vapor inhalants, movement apparatus, and many other appliances from the original Institute in Indianapolis in Ind. An ample corps of skilled Assistants, and apparatus makes, has been brought here and the whole is under the charge of Surgeon of well known ability and skill. Two hundred patients are already under the treatment of the Southern Branch and the results are highly gratifying and satisfactory. Call and examine the methods of treatment, and the facilities for carrying forward the work.

ADDRESS: H. ROLAND,
Sec'y Nat. Sur. Institute,
ATLANTA, GA.

may6—d1yr



Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.

I AM engaged in the Manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last thirty-five years, and has taken precedence over all other Family Preparations, by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should supersede any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 50 to 70, laboring under all the diseases incident to this climate. With but few exceptions, they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say, during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.

I am now prepared to fill orders from Druggists, Merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no type of FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, CHOLERA MORBUS, BILLIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yields readily to this preparation.

For sale by all druggists.
Price 50 cents a Box.
None genuine unless it bears the signature of N. O. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun.

Address N. O. WILLIAMS,
Post-office Box 240, Atlanta, Ga.

Manufactory No. 118, corner Washington and Peters streets, Atlanta, Ga. may14—dtf

Georgia National Bank,

OF ATLANTA,

Capital, : : $100,000,

BUYS AND SELLS EXCHANGE, GOLD AND Silver, makes Collections, and transacts a general Banking business. I. A. LAPHAM, President.
E. L. JONES, Cashier. my25—d3mo

C. W. DILL'S

New Photograph Gallery,

NO. 23 PEACHTREE STREET,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, near Kile's Corner, where he is prepared to do all kinds of Photographic work, in all the latest improved styles. may24-d1t

SOUTHERN MASONIC

FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE spring term of this institution for the year 1874 opens on the 14th inst.

Our teachers are experienced, and there will be a full corps in number.

Music and the fine arts—common in the best female schools—receive special attention here. The most approved physical exercises are had daily, while the rules and regulations of college exclude all undue association.

Covington is forty-one miles from Atlanta, on the Georgia Railroad, and is a most healthy and pleasant location.

Tuition for the scholastic year..... $ 60 00
Expenses, including board..... 200 00

For special information send for catalogue.

J. N. BRADSHAW,
President.

Covington, Georgia, January 2, 1874. jan11-tf

DR. J. H. LOGAN'S

SELECT SCHOOL

FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG LADIES

On Whitehall Street No. 153.

IS fast acquiring its limited number of 30 pupils, and is one of the best institutions of the kind in Georgia. Tuition per month, payable per month in advance, $4 25, $5 25 and $6 25.

feb23—dtf

Conyers Female College.

THE Conyers Female College, located in the flourishing town of Conyers, 30 miles east of Atlanta on the Georgia Railroad, is now, under the management of a full corps of experienced and successful teachers, in full operation.

The superior advantages of this institution, owned and chartered by a large company of gentlemen who are animated with the sole desire of crushing out namby-pambyism in female education, and of affording increased facilities for thorough mental culture at reasonable rates, should be generally known.

Board at $12 50 per month in the best families of the place. Tuition in the College classes $40 per annum. For instruction on the piano $40 per annum

For further particulars address

REV. H. QUIGG,
President.

feb24—d3m

DR. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.

THE BEST ADVICE

that can be given to person suffering from dyspepsia, bilious complaint, colic, consumption, sick headache, fever and ague, nervous debility, or of any disorder affecting the stomach, the liver or kidneys, is to tone, cleanse, and regulate these important organs by the use of

DR. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.

They act very mildly, yet thoroughly restores the functional action of the digestive organs and the intestines and renovates the whole system. They produce neither nausea, griping or weakness and may be taken at any time without change of diet or occupation. Price 25c a box. Sold by all druggists.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye

possesses qualities that no other dye does. Its effect is instantaneous, and so natural that it cannot be detected by the closest observer. It is harmless and easily applied, and is in general use among the fashionable hair dressers in every large city in the United States. Price $1 a box. Sold everywhere.

DR. TUTT'S SARSAPARILLA AND QUEENS DELIGHT.

SCROFULA, ERUPTIVE DISEASES OF THE SKIN, ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, ERYSIPELAS, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, BOILS, TETTER, AND SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, RINGWORM, RHEUMATISM, PAIN AND ENLARGEMENT OF THE BONES, FEMALE WEAKNESS, STERILITY, LEUCORRŒA OR WHITES, WILD DISEASES; DROPSY, WHITE SWELLINGS, SYPHILIS KIDNEY AND LIVER COMPLAINT, MERCURIAL TAINT, AND PILES, all proceed from impure blood.

DR. TUTT'S SARSAPARILLA

is the most powerful Blood purifier known to medical science. It enters into the circulation and eradicates every morbific agent; renovates the system; produces a beautiful complexion and causes the body to gain flesh and increase in weight.

KEEP THE BLOOD HEALTHY

and all will be well. To do so, nothing has ever been offered that can compare with this valuable vegetable extract. Price $1 00 a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Office 46 Cortlandt street, New York.

mar26— feb1-deod&wly

DYSPEPSIA

PLAYED OUT!

Knocked Higher than a Kite.

THE

WATER OF LIFE

DOES THE WORK.

OVER A HUNDRED CURED IN ATLANTA ALONE.

We will give their names if called upon.

No restrictions placed upon you. Eat, drink and be merry is the word.

One Dollar per Bottle,

Sent to any address on receipt of the price.

J. PURLEY & CO.,
11 PEACHTREE STREET,
ATLANTA, GA.

may2-d3m

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. BOHNEFELD,

UNDERTAKER

And Dealer in Metallic Burial Cases!

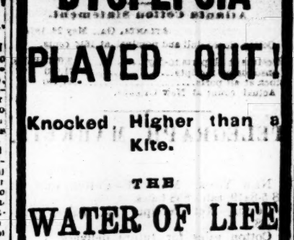
CASKETS AND COFFINS.

Of all sizes and descriptions.

Also Agent for TAYLOR'S CORPSE PRESERVER.

Receive orders for carriages at any hour, both day and night. No. 1 DeGive's Opera House, corner Marietta and Forsyth streets. apr2-d1 3m

SOUTHERN TERRA COTTA WORKS.



THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta Works, such as Window Caps, Enrichments for Cornice, such as Brackets Medallion, and everything in the Architectural line also, Chimney Tops, Vases, Flower Pots, Statuary etc., etc. Also Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPE

from 3 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.

may21-d1y PELLEGRIN & CASTLEBERRY

ICE! ICE!!

I HAVE removed my Ice House from James' Bank Back to the new Rock Ice House, adjoining National Hotel, fronting Railroad, where a constant supply of pure Ice may always be found, wholesale and retail. Strict attention will be given to orders from country consumers. Terms Cash.

Greatly reduced prices to parties purchasing by the ton or carload.

Ice tickets can be had. Apply to

H. F. EMERY,
At Emery's Ice House,
Wall street, fronting Railroad.

may1-dtm

City Coal and Lime Yard,

AT CAREHED, corner Loyd and Alabama streets.

W. S. GRISHAM keeps on hand the best quality of Grate and Shop Coal, and Ladd's Hydraulic Lime. Call and see him. may12-d3tu s thu sun

ATLANTA AND Tennessee Market House,

ROSE, JAMISON & CO., BUTCHERS, Dealers in Cattle, Hogs, Butter, Eggs, etc., No. 135 Whitehall street Atlanta, Ga.

O. A. V. ROSE,
J. K. JAMISON
W. L. SHOFNER.

W. L. SHOFNER & CO.,
Fayetteville, Tennessee.

apr19-d6m

POSTPONED

U. S. Marshal's Sales.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff in the following case, to-wit:

French, Richards & Co., vs. Edward R. Sasseen.

I have levied upon as the property of Edward R. Sasseen, fifty (50) acres of land more or less, being the southern half of all that tract of land lying and being in the seventeenth (17) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, and State of Georgia, being a part of lot of land number one hundred and fifty (150), containing one hundred and one fourth acres, more or less, that is all and every part and parcel of said lot one hundred and fifty, belonging to and owned by the said E. R. Sasseen, be the same fifty acres, more or less, and will sell the same at public auction, at the Court House, in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton and State of Georgia,

On the First Tuesday June next.

between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, May 4th, 1874.

WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
United States Marshal.

may5—d1aw5w

THE STONE MOUNTAIN Granite Company,

WILL furnish MAUSOLEUMS, MONUMENTS, TOMBS, BASES, COPING AND CURBING FOR LOTS, DOOR and WINDOW LINTELS and SILLS, GATEWAYS, FLAGGING and PAVING STONE, and every description of ROUGH and DRESSED MATERIAL, of the best quality for building purposes, at lower prices than it can be had elsewhere. That intended for fine work or exposed surfaces is selected with a view to durability and excellence of finish. Full details and estimates will be furnished whenever specifications of work required are given.

N. B.—Parties desiring to be furnished with TERRACE STEPS or PLATFORMS, can be supplied, delivered and set, at reasonable rates.

Atlanta office at Meador & Brothers' Tobacco Store, Whitehall street. Address

STONE MOUNTAIN GRANITE CO.
JNO. THOMSON, Agent.
Stone Mountain, Ga.

apr25—dtf

Cincinnati Lager Beer.

The Best in the City,

CAN be had, at all times, Fresh, Pure and Cool.

PETER BERRON'S,
Connected with Thompson's Restaurant.
Free Lunch every day. may16—dlw

THE ONLY RELIABLE GIFT DISTRIBUTION IN THE COUNTRY.

$60,000

IN VALUABLE GIFTS!

TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN

L. D. SINE'S

16TH REGULAR MONTHLY

Gift Enterprise!

TO BE DRAWN Monday, June 8th, 1874

TWO GRAND CAPITALS OF

$5,000 each in Greenback!

2 Prizes $1,000 } EACH IN
5 Prizes $500 } GREENBACKS.
10 Prizes $100 }

1 Horse and Buggy with Silver mounted Harness, worth $600.

One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $550.
Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each.
Five Gold Watches and Chains, worth $300 each.
Five Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $60 each.
400 *Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!*
Gold Chains, Silverware, Jewelry, etc., etc.

Number of Gifts 6,801. Tickets limited to 60,000.
AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS, to whom liberal premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to MAIN OFFICE, P. O. BOX, 586.

L. D. SINE,
101 W. Fifth St., Cincinnati, O.

apr26-o5w

EST'D. 1858.

DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER

THE STANDARD BAKING POWDER

IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PREPARATION EVER OFFERED FOR MAKING BREAD

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is perfectly Pure and Wholesome.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is put up in Full Weight Cans

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Makes Elegant Biscuits and Rolls

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Makes Delicious Muffins, Griddle Cakes, Corn Bread, &c.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Makes all kinds of Dumplings, Pot-Pies, Cakes Pastry, nice, light and healthy.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is the Best, because perfectly pure.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is the Cheapest, because full weight.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Be sure to ask for

Dooley's Yeast Powder

and do not be put off with any other kind.

Dooley's Yeast Powder

Is put up in Tin Cans of various sizes, suitable for Families, Boarding Houses, Hotels, Restaurants and River, Lake and Ocean Vessels on short or long voyages.

The Market is flooded with Cheap, inferior Baking and Yeast Powders of light or short Weight. Dooley's Yeast Powder is warranted full strength and weight.

Sold at wholesale and retail, generally throughout the United States, by dealers in Groceries and Family Supplies.

DOOLEY & BROTHER
MANUFACTURERS
69 NEW ST. NEW YORK.

mar14-d&wtm

MARBLE WORKS.

WM GRAY

y24—d1y

Judson's Marble Works,

ATLANTA, GA.,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER

Italian and American Marble,

Monuments, Box Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, Iron Railing for Grave Enclosures, Granite, etc.

Office and works, corner of LOYD and ALABAMA STREETS, opposite O. H. Jones & Co's. Sale and Livery Stables.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Prices reasonable.

Terms cash.

Address D. N. JUDSON,
Atlanta, Ga.

aug10-1y

TEXAS LAND AGENCY!

HAVING spent part of the last three years in Texas, and having been repeatedly solicited by parties owning and controlling large tracts of land in that State, I have determined, after thoroughly investigating the whole subject matter, to open a LAND AGENCY at some eligible point in Texas.

LONE STAR STATE

at an early date. With seven years' experience in the REAL ESTATE BUSINESS in all of its details in Georgia, the business will not be new. Parties owning or controlling lands in Texas can for the present address me at Rome, Ga. My partner and myself propose to give our attention exclusively to the business in all of its details. Bring and conduct sales of ejectment, re-establish titles, sell and convey lands and pay taxes. Best of references given. Correspondence earnestly solicited. Address JOHN T. BURNS & CO., Rome, Ga.

feb7-dtf JOHN T. BURNS

Mules! Mules!!

4 OR 5 GOOD MULES for sale on time, for Cotton or Money. Apply to

may13-d1&wlw J. H. STRONG & CO.

ATLANTA, GA.

STEWART, AUSTIN & CO.

PATENT PROCESS!

WE are now prepared with a PATENT PROCESS, recently invented and patented by our MR. STEWART, to manufacture FF Flour, which in point of fine baking and nutritive properties has NO EQUAL in this market—not even in the well known FFF—our beautiful FANCY BRAND.

The FFF is composed mainly of granules of starch, whilst the FF contains the *starch*, the *gluten*, the *sugar*, and *phosphates*, in the exact proportion adopted, not only to the WANTS OF THE SYSTEM, but to the production of a

Vigorous Brain Power,

which our once great country now stands so much in need of.

STUDENTS won't do well to try it, whilst our MODERN STATESMEN will find it INDISPENSABLE.

POETS, too, would do well to test its merits.

Those who are OPPRESSED with a SUPERABUNDANCE of wealth, leisure, and BRAIN-POWER, can indulge with impunity in feasting upon our FFF.

P. S.—Don't forget the FAMILY. It is a good, HONEST FLOUR—has the advantage of the PATENT PROCESS, and is CHEAP.

may24-dtf

SCHEDULE.

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railway.

DAILY PASSENGER.

	LEAVE.	ARRIVAL.
Atlanta	P. M. 6:00	P. M. 12:24
Charlotte	P. M. 5:48	P. M. 11:05
North Carolina Railroad Junction	P. M. 8:59	P. M. 3:15

Accommodation Passenger.

	LEAVE.	ARRIVAL.
Atlanta	A. M. 5:24	A. M. 11:49
Charlotte	A. M. 3:13	A. M. 7:37
North Carolina Railroad Junction	A. M. 7:18	A. M. 7:45

TO RENT,

A HOUSE, CONVENIENT TO BUSINESS, No. 43 Whitehall street.

Apply, on the premises, to

mar28—dtf B. D. C. O'KEEFE.

State of Georgia, Floyd County

James Boorman Johnson & John A. Stewart, Trustees, et al. vs The Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad Company et al. Bill, etc., on Chancery side of the Superior Court of said county of Floyd, Rome Circuit of Georgia.

Decree of Foreclosure of Mortgage, etc., made January Term, 1874.

BY virtue of said decree of foreclosure and the Superior Court on the Chancery side of said Court, as well as by virtue of the several supplemental Decrees and Orders of the Hon. John W. H Underwood, Judge of said Rome Circuit, Chancellor presiding, the undersigned Commissioners named therein and duly appointed with full power to carry out said Decrees, do hereby give notice that they will sell at public sale, before the Court House door, in the city of Rome, county of Floyd, State of Georgia, between the hours of 10 A. M., and 4 P. M., on the 7th day, being the first Tuesday of July next, the following property, to-wit:

That entire portion of the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad belonging to defendant in said cause, lying and being in the State of Georgia, commencing at a point where said railroad crosses the line between the States of Alabama and Georgia in the county of Polk, Georgia, and running thence through said county of Polk to Rome, in the county of Floyd, thence through said county of Floyd and county of Gordon to Dalton, in the county of Whitfield, Georgia, together with all the rights, members and appurtenances, franchises turnouts, sidetracks, road bed, right of way, depot buildings, bridges, trestles, stations, depot grounds, and other property, in anywise to said railroad appertaining or belonging, or held by said defendants. As well as all other property, both real and personal, of said defendant, the said Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad Company, of what ever kind, now in the possession and control of Thos. A. Walker and John Tucker, Receivers, which is or may be in the hands and possession of said receivers in the State of Georgia, consisting of all of that part of the rolling stock of said railroad, engines, cars of all kinds, box, flat, baggage, caboose, hand, passenger and other cars, and all tools, scales, loose iron, and all other personal property of whatever kind, which may be on the line of road at depots or elsewhere, in Georgia, belonging to said Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad Company.

Terms of Sale—One hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the purchase money, or such portion thereof as shall be required by the undersigned Commissioners, shall be paid in cash at such time after the day of sale, not exceeding thirty days thereafter, as shall be appointed and directed on the day of sale by the said Commissioners. The balance of the purchase money shall at such time as shall be appointed by the Commissioners be paid in cash or by a credit of the amount of such balance placed on the judgment of foreclosure, in said cause, on the first mortgage, or the bonds secured thereby of the said Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad Company, as directed by said decree. The whole of said property in the aggregate to be sold for not less than five hundred thousand dollars. But the said Commissioners reserve the right to have any sale made for a less sum than five hundred thousand dollars affirmed, provided the Chancellor or said Court may deem the same right and proper and shall approve the same.

Upon full compliance with the terms of sale, titles to the property will be made to the purchaser by the Commissioners. Should the purchaser or purchasers fail to comply with the terms of sale, he or they shall forfeit any sum paid over or secured, and the said Commissioners upon such failure reserve the right immediately, or upon such notice as they may deem proper, to re-sell said property, both real and personal, of said Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad Company upon such terms as they shall agree on.

BENJAMIN C. WYLY,
DANIEL S. PRINTUP,
Commissioners.

Rome, Georgia, May 1st, 1874.

The foregoing advertisement is made under the supervision and approval of the Chancellor, and the same is hereby ordered to be passed on the minutes of the Court as part of the proceedings in said cause and the order of this Court.

Done at Chambers at Rome, said county of Floyd, Georgia, May 1, 1874.

J. W. H. UNDERWOOD,
J. S. C. R. C. and Chancellor.

☞ The above sale will take place, notwithstanding the postponement of the sale in Alabama.

may12d eodtuthjn7

WILBUR F. JOHNSON. MARK W. JOHNSON

Mark W. Johnson & Bro,

BROKERS,

COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Receiving, Forwarding, General Purchasing

AND

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA

STATE AGENTS FOR

Wilson's New Shuttle Sewing Machine, Remington's Pistols, Rifles, Military Goods, Breech Loading Shot Guns and Ammunition. Agents wanted. Send for Circulars. apr30—d3m

McBRIDE & CO.,

Corner Pryor and Line Streets,

Offer the largest and cheapest stock China, Glassware, Silver-plated ware, Tins Table Cutlery, Chandeliers, Toilet Sets, Wares and general Housekeepers articles ever brought to the State.

Go to their Store and you will be convinced.

feb8-sun&wedtf

Valuable Mill Property FOR SALE.

Rare Opportunity for Investmen

WE offer for sale that very valuable and well known Mill property recently owned by Messrs Dunn & Brown, one mile from the depot of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, at Ringgold, Ga., in a fine wheat country. The Mill House is two stories high and attic, about fifty feet square, frame building, one set of corn and three sets of wheat runners. Eureka Sanitor in basement, lower than race of water, ample bolting chests and elevators, large rolling screens in attic, turbine wheels, wooden dam, new and strong; machinery all new and the very best quality; head about nine feet, with water sufficient to run machinery day and night. Large frame dwelling, five rooms and basement, large frame store house, new frame stable, ten stalls and grain rooms, about one hundred acres of cleared land, mostly fresh and strong, about three hundred acres wood land, macadamized road from mill to depot. Will sell at low figures and easy terms. Now is the time to buy, there was never so fine a prospect for a wheat crop. For further particulars call on the undersigned, or on T. M. McConnell, Attorney at Law, Chattanooga, Tenn.

M. G. JOSLIN,
Atlanta, Ga.
I. R. JOSLIN,
Ringgold, Ga.
R. M. DODSON,
Chattanooga, Tennessee.

may7—deodtf

THE ATLANTA Fruit and Vegetable Market,

118 WHITEHALL STREET,

By W. M. Butler.

FRESH FRUITS and VEGETABLES received daily. Everything usually kept by green grocers constantly on hand

Peas, Beans, Beets, Carrots, Cabbage, Onions, Strawberries, Cucumbers and Squashes.

All kinds of Early Spring Vegetables. ☞ SOLD AT LIVING PRICES.

Fresh Fish received every day from Mobile.

may15 dtf

FOR SALE,

Low to the Trade.

200 Bbls. Choice Brown Sugar,

100 Bbls. Prime Brown Sugar,

100 Bbls. Fully Fair Brown Sugar,

100 Bbls. Good Fair Brown Sugar,

25 Hhds. Choice Brown Sugar,

50 Bbls. Choice New Orleans Syrup,

20 000 Pounds Bacon Shoulders,

20,000 Pounds Bulk Shoulders,

G. W. PARROTT & BRO.,

Corner Pryor and Hunter Streets,

and 41 Peachtree Street.

may17—dtf

Wanted.

THE DOMESTIC S. M. CO., WANT a LADY expert as a teacher and in selling;

An OFFICE BOY, about 15 years old, who can write a good hand;

A PORTER and DRIVER—white or colored.

None but competent and well recommended parties need apply. To such, the highest price and constant employment.

may13—d3t

ATLANTA AUCTION HOUSE

NO. 26 PEACHTREE STREET

Joyner & Stockton.

WE DO EXCLUSIVELY A COMMISSION BUSINESS. WE BUY NO GOODS. We have no speculating; no Peter Funking, but a straight out legitimate business. Prompt attention given to all consigned, and consignments solicited.

Special Attention Given to the Sale of Real Estate.

Auction Sales Every Thursday Morning at 10:30 o'clock.

b26—dtf JOYNER & STOCKTON.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE.

McNAUGHT & SCRUTCHIN,

IMPORTERS OF

HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND GUNS,

AND dealers in IRON, STEEL, NAILS, etc., Carriage and Wagon Makers' Wood Work, Saddlery and Heavy Hardware. Agents for the sale of Dupont's Rifle and Blasting POWDER,

apr26-dtf **86 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.**

GAINESVILLE ECLECTIC INSTITUTE.

DR. A. B. DUNAGAN

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS OPENED AN ECLECTIC INSTITUTE at Gainesville, Georgia, for the treatment of all

Chronic Diseases.

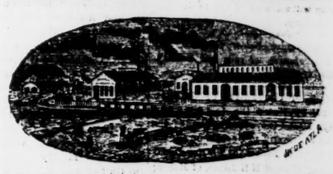
It is located on the Air-Line Railroad, and patients coming from a distance will be met at the Gainesville Depot, and provided with all the comforts of home.

The Treatment and Cure of Female Diseases will be made a Specialty.

For further information send for "ECLECTIC AND SURGICAL JOURNAL," published monthly, at Twenty-five cents, per annum, by Dr. A. B. DUNAGAN, Surgeon in Charge, Gainesville Eclectic Institute. may23—d&wtf

CHATTANOOGA FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS

WEBSTER & MARKS.



The Largest & Best Appointed Shops South of the Ohio

DAILY CAPACITY OF FOUNDRY, 15 TON. MANUFACTURERS OF STATIONARY AND PORTABLE Engines, Narrow Guage Locomotives, Upright and Horizontal Blowing Engines of the most approved construction, with the entire equipment of Blast Furnaces. Mining Machinery, Cornish Mining Pumps Mill Machinery for Steam and Water, and Castings for railroads.

Agents for Earl's steam Pumps, Brooks' Cotton Presses.

A SPECIALTY MADE OF

Heavy Castings, Architectural Iron Works, and all Castings for Gas and Water Works.

We would particularly call the attention of capitalists, intending to erect furnaces, as we are prepared to make proposals for entire equipment of same at Eastern rates.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

jan

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE,

VIA

CHARLESTON, S. C.

TO AND FROM

BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON, AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES

THREE TIMES A WEEK FROM NEW YORK.

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS

ELEGANT STATE-ROOM ACCOMODATIONS.

Sea Voyage Ten to Twelve Hours Shorter Via Charleston

The South Carolina Railroad Company,

And connecting Steam Ships, in alliance with the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships of the above Port invite attention to the Quick Time and Regular Dispatch afforded to the business public in the Cotton States at the

PORT OF CHARLESTON.

Offering facilities of Rail and Sea Transportation to Freight and Passengers not excelled in excellence capacity at any Other Port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the Line

TO NEW YORK.

MANHATTAN.....M. S. Woodhull, Commander
CHAMPION.....R. W. Lockwood, Commander
CHARLESTON.....James Berry, Commander
JAMES ADGER.....T. J. Lockwood, Commander

JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.

GEORGIA.....C. Crowell, Commander
SOUTH CAROLINA.....T. J. Beckett, Commander

WAGNER, HUGER & CO., WM. A. COURTENAY, Agents, Charleston, S. C

TO PHILADELPHIA.

Iron Steamships.

ASHLAND.....Alex. Hunter, Commander.
EQUATOR.....C. Huckley, Commander.

SAILING DAYS—FRIDAYS

WM. A. COURTENAY, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

Total Capacity 40,000 Bales Monthly.

TO BALTIMORE.

FALCON.....Hainle, Commander
VIRGINIA.....Johnson, Commander
SEA GULL.....Dutton, Commander

SAILING DAYS—EVERY FIFTH DAY

PAUL C. TRENPOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TO BOSTON.

STEAMSHIPS MERCEDITA and FLAG, sail every Saturday,

JAS ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.

Through Bills of Lading and Through Tickets

Can be had at all the principal Railroad Offices in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi. State-Rooms may be secured in advance, without extra charge, by addressing Agents of Steamships at Charleston, at whose offices, in all cases the Railroad Tickets should be exchanged and Berths assigned. The Through Tickets by this Route includes Transfers, Meals and State Room, while on Shipboard.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD, GEORGIA RAILROAD,

And their connecting Lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of Freight and Passengers between the Northern Cities and the South and West. First-Class Sailing Ships at Branchville. On the Georgia & South Carolina Railroad, First-Class Sleeping Cars.

Freight promptly transferred from Steamer to day and night trains of the South Carolina Railroad. Close connections made with other roads, delivering freight at distant points with great promptness. The Manager will use every exertion to satisfy their Patrons that the Line VIA CHARLESTON cannot be surpassed in Dispatch and the safe delivery of Goods.

Rates guaranteed as low as those of competing lines. Marine Insurance one-half of per cent.

For further information, apply to J. J. GRIFFIN, Western Agent, Atlanta, Georgia

For further information, apply to J. J. GRIFFIN, Western Agent, Atlanta, Georgia

B. D. HASSELL, General Agent, P. O. Box 4979, Office 317 Broadway N. Y. & S. B.

PICKENS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, South Carolina Railroad or J. M. SELKIRK,

Superintendent Great Southern Freight and Passenger Line Charleston, S. C.

july4—eodtf

stronger opposition in the Senate, and may have to go over until next session.

work that he owes to the community.